

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

Sandness

1407

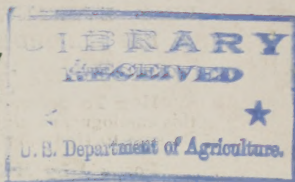
62.23

INDEXED

62.23

BRADLEY BROS.

CATALOGUE
for Spring of 1913



AMERICUS

Choice Small Fruit Plants,
Trees, Roots, Etc.

Makanda, Illinois

Read This Before Ordering.

READ EVERY WORD OF THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE ORDERING, TO AVOID ANY MISUNDERSTANDING.

How To Order. Please use order sheet that you detach from the back of this catalogue, carefully filling out blank spaces at top for shipping directions. Be sure to sign your name plainly; give postoffice and state.

Postpaid By Mail. We deliver postpaid to any postoffice in the United States any article in this Catalogue offered by mail. With our modern methods of packing, and our fine grade of packing material we can ship safely to any remote place in the United States or Canada.

Terms Cash. No order booked unless accompanied with a remittance as a guarantee of good faith. Balance of the money can be sent before shipment or we can ship C. O. D. Money can be sent by Bank Draft, Express Money Order, Postoffice Money Order, or by Registered Letter.

References. The Bank of Makanda, Makanda, Illinois; First National Bank, Mound City, Illinois; American Express Agent; Postmaster, or any Merchant of Makanda, Illinois. Or any of the officers of Murphysboro, Illinois, county seat of Jackson county.

Shipping Facilities. We have the great Illinois Central Railroad with all of its branches and connecting lines, running North and South, East and West. Six daily express trains.

Time of Shipment. We begin digging and shipping trees and plants about the first of March and continue until about May 10th.

Order Early. It is a mistake to put off ordering until late in the season, when some of the leading varieties will be sold out. It is greatly to your advantage, as well as ours, to place your order early; only a small amount is necessary to be paid down to secure your order.

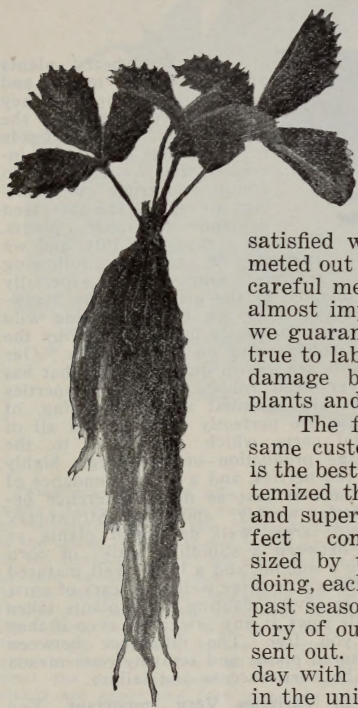
By Express. This is the method most commonly adopted for sending big bills to distant parts of the country. As there is no delay, we will guarantee all shipments to arrive in good condition when sent by express.

By Freight. Raspberries, Blackberries, Currants, Etc., can be sent by freight, and Strawberries, early in the season, before the new growth starts, can be safely sent by fast freight. We take especial care in packing, using more moss when ordered shipped this way. It is quite a saving over express charges on large bills. All freight shipments at the purchaser's risk. Our responsibility ends when we deliver goods in good condition and take railroad receipt.

Mode of Packing. We use light crates or baskets for Strawberry plants, packed in moss in the best possible manner and carefully separate and mark each different variety with labels. We make no charge for packing or delivering to freight or express office.

The Nursery Law. Under a recent enactment of the legislature of Illinois, all nurseries within the state are required to have their grounds and stock inspected at least once a year by a State Inspector of Nurseries and Orchards. It also provides that every package containing trees or plants must have a certificate of inspection attached to it. This law is rigidly enforced here in Illinois and the danger of getting stock infected by disease or insect pest is very small.

Our Service Gives Satisfaction



Twenty years ago the first small plantings of Strawberries were made for a local nursery destined to grow year by year into the present establishment of the Bradley Brothers whose products are now being planted in every state in the Union, Dominion of Canada and Mexico. Among our customers are numbered some of our first patrons, and they are still satisfied with the cordial, generous treatment meted out to them from the beginning. With our careful methods of labeling plants and trees it is almost impossible to make a mistake, and while we guarantee every plant and tree to be strictly true to label, we are to be held responsible for no damage beyond the amount received for the plants and trees.

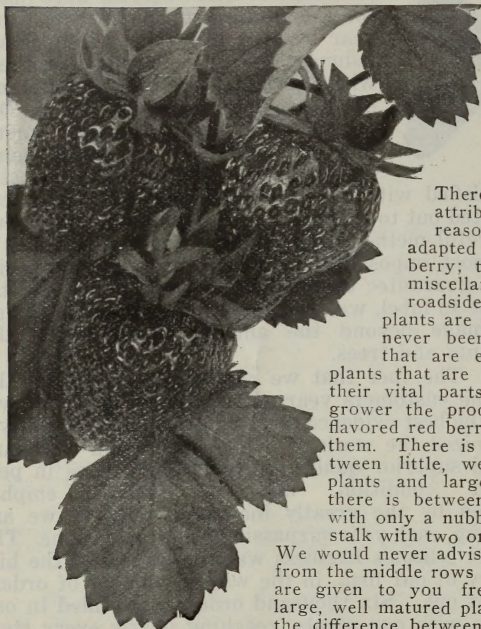
The fact that we receive orders from the same customers year after year as stated above, is the best evidence there can be that we have systemized the work of delivering a high standard and superior quality of plants and trees in perfect condition, and is further emphasized by the greatly increased business we are doing, each year surpassing the previous one. The past season's business was the largest in the history of our firm, in the way of number of orders sent out. Six thousand orders were filled in one day with our plants, reaching nearly every state in the union, and this was accurately done; each shipment giving entire satisfaction so far as we have ever been able to find out. Our skilled packers are experts in their workmanship, everything moving along like clock-work; no talking, no idling, everybody busy as bees.

If you were numbered among our customers last year you know the good condition your stock was in when received; if you have never favored us with an order, we heartily solicit your patronage. Give us a trial and let us demonstrate to you what we can and are doing to please our customers. It is our business and earnest desire to make a permanent customer out of every one who sees fit to favor us with a trial order, and on that depends the generous manner in which your order is filled. But give us a chance and we will do the rest. Our customers are our living advertisements.

This is our only salesman. You get trees and plants so much cheaper from us because our way of dealing is direct from the Grower to the Planter, saving the middle-man's profits, besides getting fresh dug, full-of-life and vitality trees and plants.

BRADLEY BROTHERS, Makanda, Illinois.

Strawberries



Our Strawberry plants are becoming more and more popular wherever they have been planted, and the demand for our high grade of plants has so greatly increased that we have had to double and triple our plantings to supply the increased demand for our plants.

There is a cause for this, and we attribute it to the following reasons: Our soil is especially adapted to the growth of the Strawberry; they are found growing wild miscellaneously in the woods, by the roadside and on creek banks. Our plants are grown on virgin soil that has never been robbed of the properties that are essential to the building of plants that are perfectly developed in all of their vital parts, which guarantees to the grower the production of fine, large, highly flavored red berries, and a great abundance of them. There is just as much difference between little, weakly, spindling Strawberry plants and large, well developed plants as there is between a spindling stalk of corn with only a nubbin, and a large, well matured stalk with two or three well filled ears of corn. We would never advise planting small plants taken from the middle rows at any price; not even if they are given to you free. The difference between large, well matured plants and scrawny ones means the difference between success and failure.

Pineapple Strawberry

are probably aware that all varieties do not act the same in all localities, while some seem to do well in one locality and in another locality are almost a failure, and there are other varieties that seem to succeed in any locality and on any variety of soil; so when making your selection study your soil and select varieties that seem to suit your particular soil.

Testing New Varieties. While it is not advisable to spend money lavishly trying new varieties until you are convinced that they just suit your particular soil and climate, unless you try these new varieties you have no way of telling whether or not they are just the variety that is best adapted to your soil and will prove to be your best money maker. There are new varieties springing up every year and many of them are proving to be the "first fiddler" in the Strawberry orchestra. A little money expended each year testing new varieties almost invariably proves to be a good, sound, financial investment, getting something to outrival anything you have ever had. Do not shun the new varieties entirely.

As To Prices. We have made them just as low as good, first-class plants can be properly grown, trimmed, packed and shipped out for. We use the best Sphagnum moss for packing, which insures the plants against becoming dried out while on a long journey. Our mode of packing guarantees our plants to carry across the continent in perfect condition, arriving as fresh as when first dug.

Following this introduction we will try to give the descriptions of all varieties just as accurately as possible as they have proven out with us, and where we have not thoroughly tested a variety we give part of the originator's description.

**Patagonia.**

✓ **Patagonia**—Early to late, Luther Burbank's latest origination and is very highly recommended by the "wizard" which is the result of twenty-five years of work on Mr. Burbank's part. We have not fruited this variety but once, but they gave us the largest, finest specimens of berries of any variety we have ever fruited. We advise every one who is a lover of fine, large, delicious flavored berries to give this variety a thorough trial, we give what the originator says: "Well grown plants are about one foot in height and twelve to eighteen inches across. The berry though firm and a remarkably good keeper, is of most exquisite quality, melting in the mouth with a sweet pineapple, strawberry and cream-like flavor, and can be freely eaten by those who cannot eat the common acid strawberries now grown. The calyx is extraordinarily large. This keeps the berries apart, giving an air space, making them keep much longer than ordinary berries and adding a peculiar fresh beauty when offered in boxes or baskets. But above all, this new strawberry is a home berry. Easy to raise, producing great quantities of large, firm, sweet, delicious, pineapple-flavored berries, without the usual care necessary to produce good strawberries. It is the first of a new race which has come to make strawberry growers rejoice. Everyone who has seen the "Patagonia" has been surprised and delighted with the vigor and surprising productiveness of the plants; the size, beauty, exquisitely delightful flavor and aroma of this, the king of strawberries. This

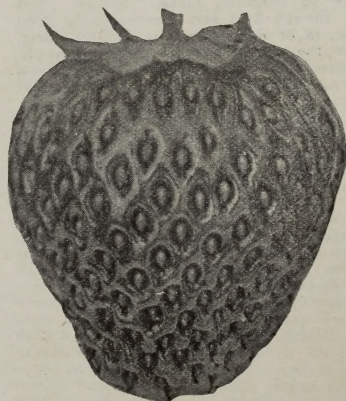
new strawberry is confidently expected to take at once the same high place in the estimation of planters, dealers and consumers that the Burbank potato, Burbank plum, Shasta daisy, Burbank and Santa Rosa roses, Giant Winter rhubarb, Phenomenal and Himalaya berries and our numerous other productions have taken, becoming world-wide standards of excellence—in other words, of the "Burbank quality." Everybody knows John Burroughs, the poet and writer; he says, "Wonderful pineapple flavor"; "the most delicious strawberry that I ever tasted." George C. Reeding, proprietor of the great Francher Creek Nurseries says: "The vigor of the plant is most remarkable, the fruit most delicious." Dr. George H. Shull of the Cold Spring Harbor Experiment Station, Long Island, New York, says: "Never have I seen such a vigorous, healthy lot of strawberry plants; the berries are delicious. Never tasted any fruit of any kind to equal them." Henry W. Kruckeberg, editor and publisher of the Rural Californian and other horticultural magazines, says, "The best strawberry that I have ever tasted." Dr. S. E. Chapman of Oakland, California, says, "The most delicious morsel that I have ever tasted in my life." Hermon Brown, Curator Public Gardens, Rhodesia, Africa, says, "The most delicious strawberry I ever tasted, either cultivated or wild." Dr. Gustav Eisen, the well-known botanist and writer on horticultural subjects, says, "Absolutely new in growth and appearance, in quality superb."

**Helen Davis.**

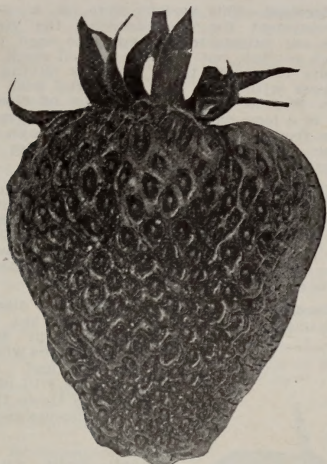
Helen Davis—The plant is a strong, vigorous grower, with tall healthy foliage, and has never shown any sign of disease, the runner wires are large and strong and just the right length to layer properly without crowding. The fruit stalks are large, some growing as large as a lead pencil in diameter. The fruit is held up from the ground by the strong stems and is easily gathered. The fruit grows in clusters, some stems having as many as thirty berries on them, with as many as ten fruit stalks to the plant. I have had single plants that a bushel basket would not cover. One great feature of this plant is that there are never any blank plants, every plant, no matter how small, has a fruit stalk. I have never seen a plant equal it in this respect. The fruit is large and attractive and holds up well in size throughout the season. It commences to ripen with Dunlap and ends with Sample. Have picked berries from it as late as the 4th of July. It has a light crimson color which extends clear through and has a flavor which cannot be excelled.

The berry is sweet, and is a fine berry for canning. It is a heavy cropper, and will yield twice as many perfect berries as Glen Mary. It is a perfect flowering variety, and is a strong pollinizer for imperfect varieties. One strong point in favor of this variety is that every berry is perfect and smooth, no knobby berries. It will go through hard frosts and bear a good crop of fruit. Every one that likes strawberries should give Helen Davis a trial, and I am sure you will be pleased,

that always bring the highest market price. We have sold millions of plants and have had less complaint than of any variety we have ever shipped out. Seems that every one who has tried them plants very heavily of them every year. Perfect in growth, health, vigor of plant, color, shape, size and flavor, and found not wanting. You will make no mistake in planting very heavily of the Bradley, as they seem to do well in all localities, soils and climates. We have a nice stock of plants to offer our customers, that will be taken long before the shipping season is over.

**Bradley.**

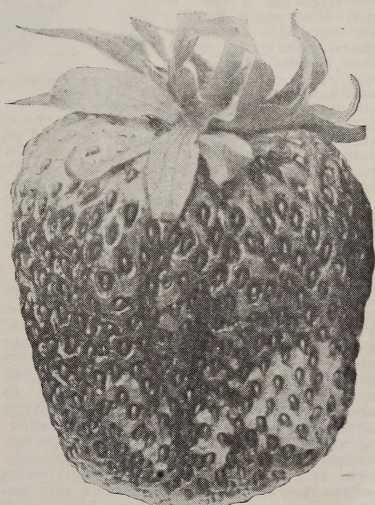
Bradley—This is and has been one of our old stand-bys and has been for nine succeeding years. Always gives us good crops of fine, large, bright red, firm berries,

**Governor Fort.**

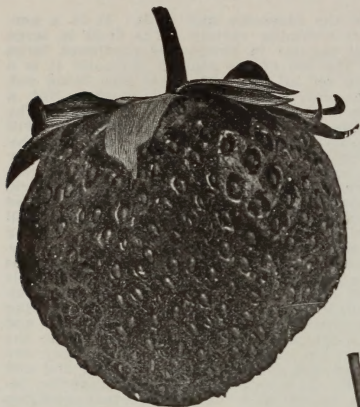
for the blossoms and fruit. It is a perfect blooming variety. The fruit is large and regular in shape and continues large to the end of the season. In color it is a rich red all over, the meat also being red. The calyx is large and green. Not a speck of rust on it. Productiveness—The vines are loaded with berries. You will hardly understand how the plants can produce such quantities of fruit. Size—Berry is extra large. One of our very largest strawberries. Color—A beautiful dark, glossy red. The flesh of the berry is red clear through. Its appearance cannot well be beaten. Calyx is bright green, adding greatly to its beauty and market value. Quality—The flavor is as fine as can be found in any strawberry; a perfect table and canning berry and owing to its tough skin it is one of the very best of shipping varieties. Fruit stems—Are plenty and are strong and upright. This keeps the fruit up out of the sand where they are clean and where they are easy to find and pick. As a shipper it hasn't a superior, being so firm as to carry in perfect condition to any distant market. We had a good crop of Gibson berries that brought the highest market prices, and was very satisfactory all around.

King Edward—Medium season, plant very large, healthy and productive. Fruit large to very large, roundish, conical and always smooth and of regular form. Color glossy red. Very firm and of splendid flavor. The fruit is in every way attractive. With us it is a favorite, and has always gave us good results, and from reports from all over the country they are becoming very profitable as a commercial berry. We cannot too highly recommend them to our patrons.

Governor Fort—This variety gave us a greater yield of fine large berries than any we fruited this year, it has taken the lead over 42 other varieties, surpassing them both in yield, and size of fruit. It is a cross between Glen Mary and Sample, two of our best and most productive varieties. Takes after the Sample in shape and color; for flavor and productiveness it takes after its parent, Glen Mary. Governor Fort is coreless and rich in flavor, the berries literally melting in your mouth, something similar to the Patagonia. The plants grow enormous clusters of strawberries, some of the fruit stems grow one foot long and each stem filled with eight to ten perfectly shaped strawberries. The plants are extraordinary robust; ripens later than any other late variety and yields twice as much fruit as its parent, Glen Mary; stronger foliage, will build up more fruit crowns; will resist drought longer than any other, on account of its long, fibrous root system. Mr. E. S. Black, president of the New Jersey Horticultural Society, Mr. G. B. Brackett, pomologist of the department of agriculture of Washington, D. C., Dr. J. B. Ward, a veteran grower and a member of the New Jersey Horticulture Society, all claimed Governor Fort one of the most productive, the most phenomenal strawberry that they had ever seen, and that it's the coming late producing variety. Governor Fort was the latest variety fruited on our farms, giving fine delicious berries after all other varieties had entirely exhausted. No one will make a mistake in planting Governor Fort for a large late variety.

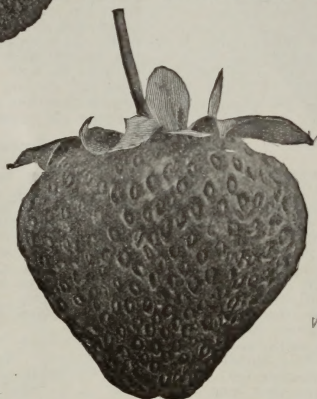
**Gibson.**

Gibson—The Gibson commences to ripen with the Dunlap and continues well in the season of the later varieties, which is an indication of its strong vitality. The fruit stems are large and strong and the dark green foliage is an ample protection

**Silver Coin.**

Silver Coin—Mid-season, excellent color, luscious flavor, and great productiveness. The berry is not only large but nearly every berry is large, even those that ripen at the end of the season, and they are the most uniform in size and shape of any variety we have ever grown. Color a brilliant flame-red, similar to the Gandy; in fact, so brilliant and attractive that it sells in market at sight for five to ten cents a quart more than other varieties usually sold. The quality is rich, sugary and delicious, surpassing all other varieties of its season with the exception of the Patagonia. The fruit stalks are large and strong, capable of holding the enormous crop of fruit well from the ground. We have a good stock of plants and we hope every one of our customers will give them a trial and we know you will not be disappointed. We plant Silver Coin very heavily for fruiting purposes and always get a good crop of fine, large berries.

Prolific—Comes very highly recommended. Cross between Marshall and Sample. The following is what the Experiment Station at Geneva, New York, says: "Plants vigorous, unusually productive, yielding on the station's grounds as high as 14,502 quarts per acre. Fruit very large to above medium; retains size well as season advances; roundish conical to blunt wedge; an attractive, bright scarlet color. On account of its vigor, the great productiveness of its plants, and the attractiveness of the large, well-colored berries this variety gives promise of taking front rank among standard commercial strawberries.

**Prolific.**

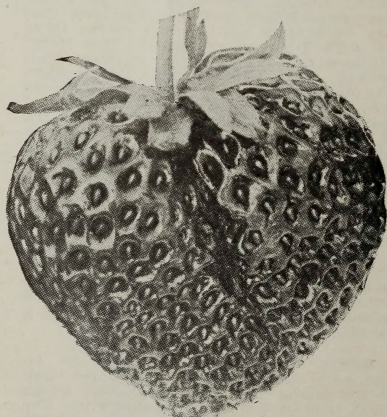
Norwood—This variety gave us a disappointment the past season, the yield was not satisfactory, seemed to need too much petting, but we have a good stock of plants to supply those who are having a success with them and those who wish to give them a trial. Their season of ripening is a long one, and they give some very nice fruit of good size but not enough of them. Too many productive varieties to waste time with them.

Aroma—Dark red; a beautiful round berry of extra large size and attractive, uniform size and appearance, and having a delicious aromatic flavor; a great yielder, medium early to very late, a long shipping season, a good shipper and a money maker.

Cardinal—This variety gave us a disappointment again the past season, but we have reports from several other sections where they do well and for this reason we still offer the plants to those that are having success growing them.

Fendall—Fruit very large and rich in color, perfect beauties; smooth and glossy with long stems and large caps. Exceedingly productive. Foliage tall, runners long; very hardy. Chesapeake and Fendall make a wonderful team when set together.

Gandy—Standard of all late berries; bright red, perfect strawberry shape, produces very large berries of rich flavor; yield medium to

**Norwood.**

large; shipping qualities unsurpassed, a favorite almost everywhere. Should be planted in black swamp land, if possible, otherwise in clay land of a springy nature, never on dry, sandy land.

Oswego—Medium in season; berries long wedge-shaped, light color on one side but deep red next to the sun, but none of them with white tips. The flavor is mild and flesh meaty and of much substance. It is enormously productive and bears good crops from year to year, producing better crops the second and third years than the first. It succeeds best on dry soil, and enormous crops have been produced on land that was entirely too poor for any other variety. It has been termed the poor man's berry.

Glen Mary—Berries extra large, dark red, varied in form, and great yielder; it seems to have no particular choice of soils and does not require petting. Flavor rich. Does better planted close to some good fertilizer like Dunlap.

Brandywine—Blood red; great yielder of large, round, fine quality of berries, having a delicious rich flavor; makes plenty good, strong, well-rooted, healthy plants. A great commercial variety and a favorite with many large growers, especially in California where it is grown very extensively.

Bubach—Bright red; irregular as to form, large, round fruit; mild flavor, heavy yielder but not



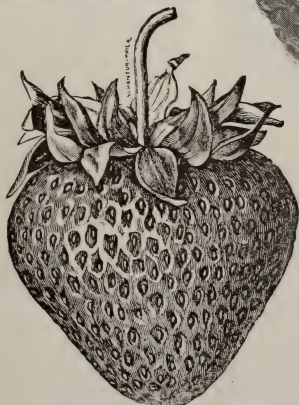
Oswego.

a good plant maker, yet enough plants for fruiting purposes.



Manhattan.

Manhattan—Originated in New Jersey. Undoubtedly the largest berry in existence; crown berries more or less corrugated but very rarely misshapen and weighing over an ounce and sometimes two ounces. Firm and very attractive, bright red and glossy. Extremely productive and of mid-season. Brings twice the price in market as other varieties.



Missionary.

Missionary—Our customers have been calling for this variety until we have put

in a good large stock of the plants, we have not yet fruited this variety, but they make plenty of good, strong, healthy plants. It is claimed that the berries are very large, and holding so throughout the entire season. We would like to have our customers try this very highly recommended variety.

Lady Thompson—Another favorite in the south and along the Pacific coast. Bright red, top shape, medium large berries. Good plant maker of strong, healthy foliage.

Edwardsville, Kans., Oct. 7, 1912.

Bradley Brothers, Makanda, Illinois.

Dear Sirs—The strawberry plants purchased from you this spring are the finest ever. Eight acres of the best looking plants I have ever seen. Thanking you for past favors, I remain,

Yours truly, G. P. Gunter.

**Chesapeake.****Early Ozark.**

Early Ozark—An early variety as large as the late varieties. Dark red color extending all the way through; tart but very delicious; berry round, and of uniform size. Foliage dark green and healthy; makes just enough plants to form an ideal row. The most wonderful extra-early variety ever originated as to productiveness, as early as Excelsior, twice as productive, and berries twice as large.

Chesapeake — Fruit large, conical, firm, smooth and regular. Crimson to dark red, glossy and of high quality, similar to William Belt. Season very late, even later than Gandy. Great yielder and ranks among the best shippers; is taking first place with many growers and a general favorite as a commercial berry and a great money maker.

Magoon—Fruit very large with a mild and delicious flavor; fruit rich red with yellow seed. A great yielder and a splendid shipper; makes plenty of good, stocky, well-rooted plants. A favorite on the Pacific and in British Columbia.

Son's Prolific—Cross between Aroma and Bubach. Originated in Missouri. Berries darker than Aroma, larger in size, about the same shape except a little longer. Even in size, and no green tips. Enormously productive; a great shipper and a money maker. Outrivaling Aroma in color, size, productiveness and firmness. This is a winner.

Monroe—Originated in New York, where it is a great favorite among the best berry growers. Berry large, very smooth, dark red color, extra firm and fine grained with high quality in flavor, uniform in shape. Plants are extra good and every one is loaded with fruit even to the last set plants.

**Magoon.**

Hundred Dollar—Originator says: "I have done a great deal of boosting for this new berry; but its continued annual big yield in fruiting proves that all my claims in the past did not begin to give it credit for what it proved itself capable of as a tremendous yielder of the largest and most beautiful berries, over all varieties grown in this section. It was positively a wonderful

sight—the berries piled high on top of each other and to a side view of the rows the berries were more conspicuous than the leaves of the plants themselves. I do not believe there is another variety of strawberry that will out-yield this giant in size or surpass it in quality." We have fruited this variety and they have made good all the originator claims for them, and we can heartily recommend them to our customers.

Haverland—Fruit large and fine, long and conical; crimson color and of very mild flavor; extra heavy yielders of uniform size berries. Because of fine shipping qualities a favorite with commercial growers. A sure money maker.

✓ **Jocunda**—Berry of a bright red color, fine rich flavor; large in size, top shape. Great yielders and a good plant maker. A big money maker and a favorite among Colorado, Idaho and other western states. One year's fruiting gave us satisfactory results here at Makanda.

✓ **Blondyke**—A great favorite in the southern states. Blood red, very firm, top shape; great yielders of fine, large berries. Does well in the south and all along the Pacific coast and the middle states.

✓ **Pineapple**—A very delicious variety, having the true sweet strawberry flavor mingled with that of the pineapple. Is a great yielder of beautiful, large smooth, firm berries. Color rich crimson. Its pineapple character is so pronounced that it is readily detected in its odor as well as its flavor. Valuable alike for the home garden and market.

✓ **Pride of Michigan**—Dark red all the way through. Mid-season, oblong shape; fruit unusually large, flavor delicious; yield extra heavy; sells well in market. Fruit stems large and long, holds the fruit well up from the ground. A great money maker.

✓ **Senator Dunlap**—Dark red, top shape, medium to large size. Rich flavor; yields

immense crops of high quality fruit. Stands universally as a leading commercial strawberry, and succeeds equally well all over the country.

✓ **Steven's Late Champion**—Dark red, very large berries, rather irregular in shape, great yielder and very firm. Ripens with Gandy.

✓ **Texas**—Extra early, of bright crimson, medium to large size berries. Flavor tart and delicious. Very productive, extra fine shipper and a great money maker.

✓ **Warfield**—Berry medium size, top shape, dark red, tart and very delicious. Enormously productive; good shipper. A great favorite and big money maker everywhere.

✓ **William Belt**—Large in size; color bright red; in form it is conical, long and uniform shape. Very rich in flavor and a big yielder. Very popular in the western states.

✓ **Clark's Seedling**—Large, round, bright red berry; rich, sugary flavor; fair plant maker of very short runners. A good shipper and a great favorite in Washington and Oregon where they are grown in large numbers and shipped thousands of miles to the eastern markets and arriving in perfect condition.

Fall Bearing Varieties

There have been so many so-called fall-bearing Strawberries sold that one almost becomes skeptical about buying any of them; such varieties as Autumn, Organ Everbearing and numerous others that bore only under very favorable places and under favorable circumstances. But when such originators as Rockhill, Cooper and Burbank take hold of a thing, they generally accomplish what they start in to do. The Americus and Francis, Rockhill's productions; Superb and Productive, Cooper's productions, are genuine fall-bearing varieties. They are becoming standards all over the country and are making good every place they have been tested. We had ripe, luscious berries all last fall, clear up to hard freezing. They were not only berries, but fine, large, delicious Strawberries and in good large quantities. If these varieties are debudded up until August 15 to September 1, and allowed to fruit, you will have large quantities of ripe berries until checked by hard freezing weather. They will yield as many quarts in the fall as most of the June-bearing varieties will in the regular season. An acre of the above varieties well cared for will make 8,000 quarts of berries and a sure market at 25 cents per quart, thus making a net profit of \$2,000 per acre. They have proven this in many instances, only in smaller quantities. The plants are too scarce yet for any large plantings of any of these varieties, but the man who starts with the intention of increasing the size of his field until he has an acre or more of them, will have his fortune within easy reach. Don't fail to plant some of the following varieties.

✓ **Americus**—A seedling of Pan-American and Louis Gauthier, raised by Mr. Rockhill. This is the most wonderful everbearing strawberry ever produced, outrivals its parents both in large size and wonderful productiveness. It is strongly staminate, healthy and strong grower; very productive from May until hard freezing weather; very drouth resistant and succeeds better in dry, hot climates than any other variety. Fruit holds up well in wet weather; size medium to large, very firm,

uniform shape, bright red through and through. Fruit is protected from frost by heavy foliage; the berries literally lay about the plants in heaps and piles. Has the native wild strawberry flavor, which is generally thought to be the height of perfection in quality. Has been thoroughly tested and seems to succeed over a wide range of country; from the extreme north to the extreme south, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

(See picture on front cover.)

Francis—Produced by Harlow Rockhill of Iowa in 1905. Plant medium sized, foliage medium sized and round, with a hard, glossy surface, root system medium; fruit medium to large, rather long, glossy red, quality sweet and of aromatic flavor. Fair plant maker which seems to hug to the ground. Fruit stems long and cannot hold its great loads of fruit from the ground. We never saw anything so persistent in blooming as the Francis is. You can clean off all fruit stems today and in five days they are full again. The young plants all bear heavy loads of fruit, very

average they will bear a pint of fruit to each plant the first fall, a quart to each plant in the following spring, and if the leaves are mown off after the spring crop they will bear another pint the second fall. To do this the plants must be grown in hills, with all runners cut off. Suppose the plants were set 1x3 feet apart. There would be 14,520 plants to the acre, and if each plant bore two quarts in the two



Productive.

often bloom before they take roots. Berries lay in piles and it is astonishing what large berries you get and in such great numbers. You should order early to secure plants of these varieties.

Productive—This is the strongest growing plant of all the fall-bearing strawberries I have ever seen. It is a seedling of the Autumn and Pan-American, produced by Samuel Cooper. The plants are very large and heavy-rooted, producing a phenomenal crop of medium to large fruits. The young plants are produced in good quantities. The leaves are large, thick, leathery and glossy. The berries literally lay about the plants in heaps and piles. The size and quality is determined by the quantity produced. Cooper says that on the

years this would amount to 29,040 quarts to the acre in two years. Figure that at 25 cents per quart for the two fall crops and 10 cents per quart for the June crop, and see where your figures will run, and divide this by 2 and you will have the profits for one year. This can be done.

Superb—Considered the best of the fall bearing sorts. Cooper's introductions. Berry glossy, very attractive and of the finest flavor. Size of berry, very large and firm. Brings every blossom to maturity; no blanks, which is a strong point in a fall bearing strawberry. Superb, will yield as much fruit in the fall as the average spring-bearing varieties do in May, and will bear continuously from spring until checked by hard freezing.

Bradley Brothers, Makanda, Illinois.

Dear Sirs—Strawberry plants received in fine condition, am well pleased. Enclosed find check to cover payment of same.

West End, Illinois, April 18, 1912.

Yours, W. H. Shaw.

Price List of Strawberries

Variety—	Per 25	Per 100	Per 250	Per 500	Per 1,000
✓ Aroma (Per.).....	\$0.25	\$0.40	\$.90	\$1.75	\$ 3.00
✓ Bradley (Per.).....	.40	.75	1.50	2.50	5.00
✓ Brandywine (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.75	3.00
Bubach (Imp.).....	.35	.60	1.25	1.90	3.00
Cardinal (Imp.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.75	3.00
Chesapeake (Per.).....	.35	.65	1.40	2.15	4.00
Clark's Seedlings (Per.).....	.40	.75	1.50	2.60	5.00
Early Ozark (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	1.90	3.50
✓ Excelsior (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.25	2.50
✓ Fendall (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	1.90	3.50
Gandy (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.35	2.50
✓ Glen Mary (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.75	3.00
Gibson (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.40	2.15	4.00
Governor Fort (Per.).....	.50	1.25	2.50	4.00	8.00
Haverland (Imp.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.50	2.75
Helen Davis, (Per.).....	.40	1.00	1.75	3.00	6.00
Hundred Dollar (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	2.25	4.00
✓ Jocunda (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	2.25	4.00
King Edward's (Per.).....	.35	.90	1.50	2.50	4.50
✓ Klondyke (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.25	2.50
Lady Thompson (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.35	2.50
✓ Magoon (Per.).....	.40	.75	1.50	2.60	5.00
✓ Molena (Per.).....	.40	.75	1.50	2.60	5.00
✓ Manhattan (Per.).....	.40	.90	1.75	3.00	6.00
✓ Missionary (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.60	3.00
✓ Monroe (Per.).....	.40	.75	1.50	2.60	5.00
✓ Michel's Early (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.25	2.50
✓ Norwood (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Ohio Boy (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	2.25	4.00
✓ Oswego (Per.).....	.40	.75	1.50	2.50	5.00
✓ Patagonia (Per.).....	.75	2.00	4.00	8.00	15.00
✓ Pineapple (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	2.25	4.00
✓ Prolific (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Pride of Michigan (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Red Bird (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Silver Coin (Per.).....	.35	.60	1.25	2.25	4.00
✓ Senator Dunlap (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.35	2.50
✓ Son's Prolific (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Stephen's Late Champion (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.50	3.00
✓ Sample (Imp.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Texas (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00
✓ Uncle Jim (Per.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.50	3.00
✓ Warfield (Imp.).....	.25	.40	.80	1.35	2.50
✓ William Belt (Per.).....	.25	.40	.90	1.65	3.00

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES.

Variety—	Each	Dozen	Per 25	Per 100	Per 500
✓ Americus (Per.).....	\$0.10	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$5.00	\$20.00
✓ Francis (Per.).....	.10	1.00	1.50	5.00	20.00
✓ Superb (Per.).....	.10	1.00	1.50	5.00	20.00
✓ Productive (See page 10.).....	.10	1.00	1.50	5.00	20.00

Per. or Imp. following name of variety designates whether variety has perfect or imperfect blossoms. If Strawberry plants are wanted by mail, add 7c per 25; 13c for 50, and 25c per 100 for postage. Otherwise they will be sent by express. Canadian customers pay twice the above for postage, as we have to pay twice as much to send them to Canada. All plants sent by mail and express we guarantee safe arrival.



King of the Cliffs.

Raspberries

Raspberries should be grown in every family fruit garden. The fruit is very delicious and healthful and is appreciated almost by every lover of fine fruits. They are fine for canning, jams, jellies and pies. They are a great money maker when grown either for home or northern markets. Surely no one will try to do without Raspberries when they can be so easily had.

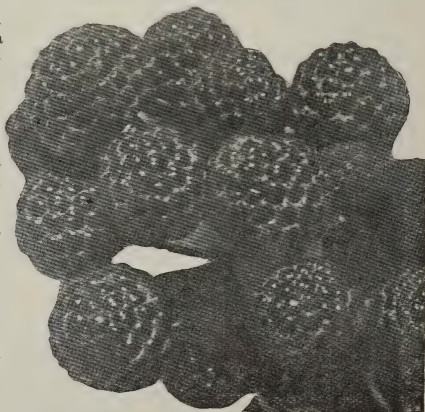
CULTURE DIRECTIONS.

Prepare the ground thoroughly and manure liberally. The red, or upright-growing varieties should be planted, for field culture, in rows six feet apart, and the plants three feet distant in rows, or four feet apart each way, to be cultivated in hills; in garden culture, plant three feet apart each way and restrict to hills. It is best to place two plants in each hill. As soon as planted, cut back the canes to within a few inches of the ground.

The cap varieties, for field culture, should be planted in rows seven feet apart and three and one-half feet distant in the rows; for garden culture, plant four feet apart each way.

Keep the soil loose and free of weeds throughout the season, cutting out the suckers with a hoe or cultivator, leaving only a single row of three or four canes to the hill for fruiting the following year. Prune the bearing canes of the upright-growing varieties by cutting back one-third to one-half their length and shorten the laterals to six or nine inches. In pruning cap varieties, cut the canes at the middle of the bend.

King of the Cliffs—(Everbearing)—The earliest and latest. This is truly a wonderful raspberry, actually bears fruit from June till November, or till frost. The earliest of all black raspberries; ripening with the Gandy strawberries; you can ship raspberries and strawberries at the same time if you plant the King of the Cliffs. This new raspberry was first discovered in the spring of 1905, growing in and around a cliff of rocks. Supposed to be a cross between Cumberland and Conrath, as the plants were found growing close to a field of Cumberland and Conrath; the cane growth resembles that of the Cumberland, fruit as large as Cumberland and earlier than Conrath. Berries firm, jet glossy black and a delicious flavor; seeds very small, berry compact and uniform large size. Canes of ironclad hardness, enduring the severest cold uninjured, and are wonderfully prolific. Unlike Kansas or Cumberland, its foliage never suffers by blight or its cane never attacked



Gibraltar.

by Anthracnose or any other disease, nor its cane impaired by the heat or drouth of summer; during the summers of 1907 and again in 1911 King of the Cliffs matured its entire crop of fruit, while such varieties as Kansas and Conrath were completely dried up on the vines, owing to the severe drouth which prevailed during the picking season of both years; this is attributed to the fact of their great deep root system, which furnish the vines plenty of moisture during the driest and hottest summers. The original plants have never failed bearing a full crop of fine large berries since first discovered in 1905, seven years of successful fruiting without a single failure.

We heartily recommend the King of the Cliffs for earliness, firmness, large size, productiveness and for either market or home consumption. It is the earliest of all black raspberries, beginning to ripen June 1st to 5th, just as the strawberry crop is decreasing or waning. It gives a crop of fruit all summer and autumn, fruiting on the old canes till July. The young canes bear profusely all fall till killed by severe frost. Recommended especially for dry, hot climates and for all the Southern States, where other black raspberries have failed.

King of the Cliffs has been a success and up to date we have never heard of a single failure notwithstanding they have



St. Regis.
(See Page 5.)

been tested in nearly every state in the union. This is the raspberry you need and must have in order to meet competition.

Gibraltar—The hardiest of all the blacks, having withstood a temperature of 25 degrees F. below zero, and came out in the spring uninjured. Originated in Ontario, Canada, about 60 miles east of Detroit, Michigan, and is of ironclad hardiness of

cane; supposed to be a cross between Gregg and Hilborn, combining in a marked degree the vigor and hardiness of bush of the latter, and the large size and quality of the former.

Undoubtedly the Gibraltar is the most hardy, vigorous, healthy and productive variety, producing extra large size berries, of excellent quality, to be found in the Black Cap family. It is because of the great hidden power of this seedling to send up regiment after regiment of uniform large berries, and the power of the bush to withstand attacks of disease, storms, heat, frost, drouth, etc., that it was named Gibraltar.

The merits of this wonderful hardy Raspberry may be summarized as follows:

1. As large as Gregg or Cumberland, six days earlier. Free from blight or any other fungus disease. Thick, heavy, dark green foliage.

2. Extremely hardy, having withstood 25 degrees below zero and bearing a heavy crop when all other black raspberries failed entirely.

3. Vigorous, upright grower. Makes stocky, heavy branching canes that are literally covered with jet black, firm berries. Never crumbles in picking.

4. Quality and flavor unsurpassed. On account of their large size, fine quality and jet black color they bring from 50 cents to 75 cents per crate more than any other variety.

5. It is wonderfully prolific, outyielding Cumberland, Kansas, Gregg or even any of the Purple varieties.

Any one wanting a first-class commercial berry will make no mistake in planting Gibraltar; the fruit is highly attractive in appearance, being of a black, shiny color. Containing less bloom than some other kinds, finest flavored, rich, sugary, with the true raspberry flavor, making it the berry you want for your table use.

Cumberland—("The business Black Raspberry.")—Is usually a strong grower, throwing up stout canes; perfectly hardy. It is by far the most profitable raspberry grown for both home and market use.

Gregg—This is the extra big late black fellow. Heavy growing canes that branch out sparingly; hardy; productive of very large, firm black berries, covered with a deep bloom. Late ripening and good quality makes it a favorite.

Black Diamond—This is a very superior early blackcap; one producing fruit of large size, firm texture and of high quality with a prolific cane of strong growth and ironclad hardihood. Fruit almost as large as Kansas and of sweet sugary flavor.

Plum Farmer—Fruit very large, good color and attractive. Canes very hardy, thrifty, rank upright grower, healthy and

free from disease. Ripens the bulk of the crop very early.

Munger—One of the latest berries to ripen. Cane strong grower, hardy and productive. Fruit large, sweet and firm. Considered to be the best very late variety.

Herbert Red Raspberry—Originated in Canada. It stands severe winters, even 40 degrees below zero, absolutely uninjured, and has never failed to produce a heavy crop of the most delicious fruit. It is a recognized fact that the farther north any fruit is grown, the better is its quality, and this "Child of the North Land" is no exception to the rule. The fruit is as large as the largest. It is as rich and highly flavored as the best, and far exceeds any other kind in hardiness, rugged, thrifty constitution of plant, and is very productive.

Ruby—In the Ruby we have hardiness, vigor, earliness, large size and great productiveness. It has proven itself to be the most profitable early variety, wherever tried.

Loudon—The superior points of this excellent red raspberry are vigor of growth, large fruit, beautiful rich dark crimson color; good quality and marvelous productiveness and hardiness. It stands shipping better than any variety and will remain on the bushes longest without injury.

Eaton—(Red.)—Largest, finest, hand-some. Very productive, brilliant red. Adheres to the stem until fully ripe. Cane very hardy upright grower, but not a very thrifty grower.

King—(Red.)—Very early, round, medium size; light crimson color; firm and of fine quality. Cane hardy and good grower.

Miller—Very early and productive; bright red and very firm. Ships well and is a good market variety.

Cuthbert—Large, productive and attractive. A well tested variety, that has given good results for home use and market. Very vigorous grower and possesses vitality necessary for a popular variety. It yields bountifully, of large, beautiful, bright red berries, which are easily picked and command good prices.

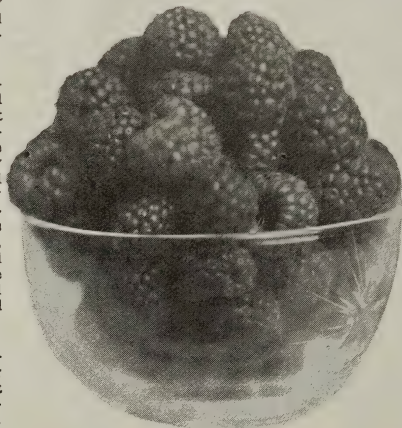
Idaho—(Everbearing)—First discovered in Idaho, growing in a garden where it showed its superiority most markedly. From Idaho the stock was transferred to

Wisconsin, where it has been grown very successfully, also in Western New York; this accounts for its great hardiness of cane. It is not as tall a grower as Cuthbert, but more stocky and sturdy, strong grower, making strong, upright canes, which are abundantly able to hold up the great crop of fruit without stalling. The



Herbert Red Raspberry.

plants are the hardest of all red raspberries, having withstood 30 degrees below zero, and we are sure they will stand 40 degrees below with no injury. They rarely ever grow over 3½ to 4 feet high, branching naturally like a tree without pruning, and require very little attention except to be kept clean of weeds and grasses. The fruit is very large, some berries attaining over one inch in diameter, of a deep rich color, very attractive. It is very fine flavored, different from Cuthbert, having an agreeable flavor all its own. The plants are enormously productive, fruiting through the longest season of any red raspberry we know of, beginning with Marlboro and lasting later than Loudon and Cuthbert. Idaho is a fit companion for St. Regis, but the berry is larger and more productive and has a longer fruiting season on the year-old vines. We are able to sell the fruit in our local market in preference to all other varieties. The Idaho having been successfully fruited now for five years, and proving one of the best red raspberries for both family use and market. We are planting it



Cuthbert.

extensively for market and believe that when its merits are fully known that the demand for both fruit and plants will be enormous. The Idaho fruits from June to October, and is the best ever bearing raspberry we know, all points considered.

St. Regis—The merits of this truly reliable ever-bearing raspberry may be summarized as follows:

1. It is the earliest of all red raspberries; beginning to ripen from June 15th to 20th—just as the strawberry crop is waning.

2. It is wonderfully prolific; the first or main crop being far greater than that of any other red raspberry known (equalling the most prolific black cap or purple cane sort.)

3. It gives a crop of fruit all summer and autumn, fruiting on the old canes in generous quantities until late in August. By this date, berries begin to ripen upon the young, i. e., current year's canes, which continue to produce berries in increasing numbers until the autumn; in fact, until severe frosts occur.

4. The berries are bright crimson, of large size and of surpassing quality—rich, sugary with full raspberry flavor. They are of exceedingly meaty, firm texture and keep in good condition longer after being gathered than any other red raspberry. As a shipper it is unexcelled.

5. The canes are of stocky, strong growth, with a great abundance of dark green, leathery leaves that never scald nor sunburn.

6. It succeeds upon all soils, whether light and sandy or cold heavy clay and canes are absolutely hardy—always and everywhere—so far as tested.

St. Regis was awarded a certificate of merit by the American Institute, September 20, 1910.

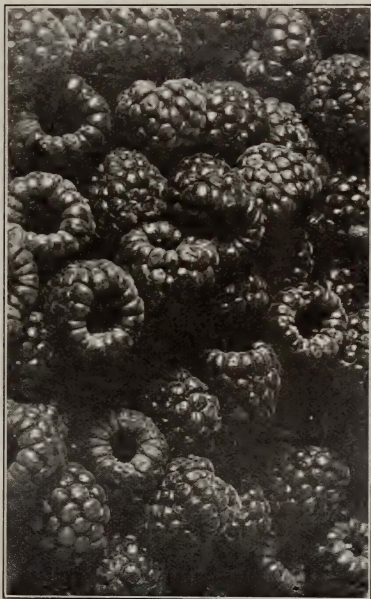
The raspberry for the million and the millionaire. "There's millions in it."

Purple Varieties

Royal Purple—This variety is the greatest advance yet made in Purple Raspberries. It was originated in Indiana by an old nurseryman with years of experience who says it surpasses everything he has ever

seen in the raspberry line. The original bush stands in a stiff bluegrass sod and has borne 14 successive large crops and some of the time in the winters the mercury has gone 35 degrees below zero. The canes are model growers, very vigorous and healthy, upright in growth. The color of the bark is a deep rich red, unlike Columbian or Shafter, and the canes are smooth except near the roots. Pickers can go through these bushes and gather the fruit without tearing clothes or scratching their skin. The berries are large, purple in color very firm, good keepers and shippers. They pick easily from the bushes and can be gathered before fully ripe if wanted, when the color is more attractive. It is so firm that they can be handled and shipped in quart baskets. They do not crumble when picked, and present a bet-

ter appearance in the basket than any other purple raspberries. One strong point in their favor is their season of ripening. With us they were fully two weeks later than Columbian in ripening the bulk of the crop, although they were ripe fully as early to start with as that variety. The past season we were able to get 2 cents per quart above other purple raspberries. It is unquestionably the most valuable purple raspberry and if I were confined to one variety of raspberry of any kind, it would be Royal purple. We have fruited it four seasons.



Royal Purple.

Cardinal—A vigorous grower, leaves hanging until late in the fall. It is a giant raspberry, both in size of fruit and canes—the canes attain a height of ten feet and are literally covered with large, handsome berries. Sweet, juicy, luscious, rich and sprightly with a true raspberry flavor. Bright cardinal red color.

Haymaker—Resembling Cardinal, in cane growth. A fine berry for home use but its color is against it as a commercial berry; color dark purple when fully ripe.

Columbian—A great canning berry, very productive of large size berries. Very much resembles the Haymaker.

New Logan Berry—(Blackberry Raspberry.)—This thornless Raspberry Blackberry originated in California. It is an exceedingly strong grower, making the growth of ten feet in one season. The fruit is as large as the largest sized Black-

berry, of the same form and shape, and the color, when fully ripe, is a dark bright red. It partakes of the flavor of both the Blackberry and Raspberry, having a very mild, pleasant flavor. It is excellent for the table and the seeds are small and not very abundant. The fruit is extremely firm and the vines are enormous bearers. The fruit ripens and is gone before Raspberries and Blackberries become plentiful. Price, 15c each; 75c dozen; \$3.00 per 100.

Burbank's Phenomenal Berry—Largest berry ever known. "The greatest wonder of all." It tastes and looks like both the Raspberry and Blackberry. It is one of

the most remarkable of all new fruits seen during this generation. A berry of sterling worth in every particular. It has a bright crimson Raspberry color, is as productive as could be desired, and the most delicious of all berries for canning and drying. The berries growing in clusters of 5 to 10 or more each, and the individual berries measure 3 inches around one way, by 4 inches the other way, and weigh one-quarter ounce each. The plants are very hardy, thrifty and easily grown. Half a dozen plants in the garden or back yard will furnish an abundant supply of choice berries throughout June and July. Price, 15c each; 75c dozen; \$4.00 per 100.

Prices of Raspberries

BLACK VARIETIES.

Each	Dozen	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100	Per 500	Per 1,000
King of the Cliffs....	1.50	2.00	3.50	6.00	30.00	50.00
Gibraltar.....	.75	1.00	1.75	3.00	13.00	25.00
Cumberland.....	.25	.40	.75	1.50	5.50	10.00
Gregg.....	.25	.40	.75	1.50	5.00	9.00
Black Diamond.....	.25	.40	.75	1.50	5.00	9.00
Plum Farmer.....	.35	.60	1.00	1.75	6.50	12.00
Munger.....	.35	.50	.90	1.50	6.00	11.00

PURPLE VARIETIES.

Royal Purple.....	.20	1.50	2.00	3.00	5.00	21.00	40.00
Cardinal.....		.35	.60	1.00	1.75	8.00	15.00
Haymaker.....		.35	.60	.90	1.50	6.50	12.00
Columbian.....		.35	.50	.75	1.25	5.50	10.00

RED VARIETIES.

Idaho, Ever'ng..	\$.20	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$3.50	\$6.00	\$30.00	\$50.00
St. Regis.....	.15	.75	1.25	2.00	3.50	16.00	30.00
Herbert.....	.10	.40	.85	1.50	2.50	11.00	20.00
Ruby.....		.25	.40	.75	1.50	5.50	10.00
Loudon.....		.25	.40	.75	1.00	4.50	8.00
Eaton.....		.40	.75	1.00	1.75	6.50	12.00
King.....		.25	.35	.65	1.00	4.00	7.00
Cuthbert.....		.25	.35	.65	1.00	4.00	7.00
Miller.....		.25	.35	.65	1.00	3.50	6.00

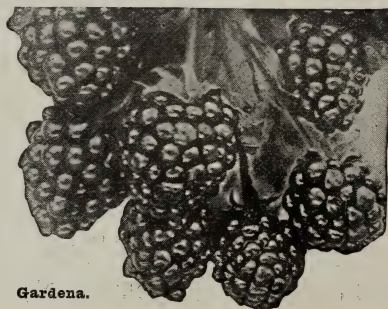
If to be sent by mail add 10c per dozen; 15c per 25; 25c per 50, and 40c per 100.

Dewberries

Gardena—The earliest dewberry known, this new dewberry attracted our especial attention on account of its extreme earliness, very large size, great productiveness and their shiny glossy black color; fruit very firm and practically coreless. The great profitableness of the Lucretia is due to its extreme earliness, being the earliest of the blackberry family. Now we have Gardena still much earlier than Lucretia, larger, firmer, and more productive. That means extra money on the market and an earlier taste of delicious berries for the family. Price 10c each; 50c per 12; \$1.50 per 100.

Lucretia—The standard dewberry; earlier than blackberries and as large as the largest of them. The canes are hardy and exceedingly prolific, thriving everywhere, of slender, trailing habit, and entirely free from disease and insect attacks. The fruit is superb, large and handsome; jet black, rich and melting. Ships well and keeps well. Price 10c each; 40c per dozen; \$1.00 for 100; \$3.00 for 1,000.

If to go by mail, add 40c per 100; 10c per doz; post free on single plant rates, if desired.



Gardena.

Blackberries

Blackberries thrive in almost all soils but produce best in a strong deep loam that will retain moisture, tending toward clay rather than sand. Plant 2 to 4 feet apart in rows 8 feet apart. Clip off the points of growing canes at 2 to 3 feet; this will cause the plants to sustain the fruit more readily, increase the yield, and render picking easier. In the plain regions where moisture is deficient sometimes the practice is to let one straight cane develop and cut back in the spring to 2 1-2 to 3 1-2 feet. Cultivate frequently and shallow. Remove old canes after fruiting as a cane fruits but once. Mulch is an advantage both for blackberries and dewberries.

Fifty of a variety at 100 rate; 500 of a variety at 1000 rates; not less than 10 of a variety sold.

Mammoth Blackberry—Mammoth in plant, berry and productiveness; the vines make a growth of 10 to 15 feet in one season; canes very large, and of a deep red color. The berry is undoubtedly the largest berry in cultivation; very early, extra large, very firm, in flavor so delicious that they eclipse all other varieties. The fruit is enormously large, some specimens of berries measuring 2 1-4 to 2 1-2 inches long, largest blackberry known. Has been thoroughly tested all over the country and is giving general satisfaction; vines need a little protection in the extreme northern states, should be in every family fruit garden. From a few vines a family can have all the fruit they can use for several months, as they are almost an everbearing blackberry.

Eldorado—Possibly the best known of all blackberries the country over, and perfectly reliable in every way. It is a good grower and hardy everywhere. The berries are of good size, glossy black, and very sweet and tender; they retain their luster a long time after being picked. It is unquestionably one of the finest blackberries in cultivation. Highly recommended for all sections.

Early Harvest—Berries medium in size, bright, glossy black, and very sweet and tender. It succeeds admirably in the South and is a favorite on the Pacific Coast, but it is said to be entirely hardy north of New Jersey. Extremely early and very productive, rendering it profitable and popular.

Mercereau—Foliage large, abundant and entirely free from rust. Early to mid-season, large size, good flavor. The berries are sparkling black, which adds greatly to their market value. The canes are exceedingly strong, upright in habit of growth.

Snyder—Season early. Berries of medium size, but are borne in great abundance, literally covering the bush with sweet and juicy fruit. Its great hardiness of cane renders it valuable for cold climates and hence popular for planting in the North.

Ward—This is a variety of great merit, and one of the largest used for commercial purposes. It has been fruited for a number of years and bears large crops annually. Its fine fruit, strong canes, clean, healthy foliage, loaded with enormous crops of fine, large berries always attract attention. Free from rust, vigorous and hardy.

Iceberg—This is a white blackberry and a novelty worth planting. The cane is hardy and very productive. Berries medium sized and creamy white.

Kenoyer—A new early variety, larger than the Early Harvest and hardier. Canes are large and healthy, and the bushes a little more spreading.

Taylor—An old favorite. When fully ripe it is one of the most delicious blackberries. It is large, jet black, juicy and melting. There is nothing better for table use. Season late.



Mammoth Blackberry.

La Grange—This berry is a Russian product, having been brought from that arctic country fourteen years ago, and has been fruited by Mr. La Grange in Vermilion county, Illinois, for the past 12 years, and in that time has not received any injury from cold winters. It is the hardest berry yet produced; it grows on canes like the Lawton or Snyder but differs from them as regards fruit stems. This plant sends out its fruit stems from the ground up and each fruit stem has ample foliage, each cluster of berries having a leaf. The fruit ripens in the shade, which materially adds to its flavor. Other varieties produce their fruit mostly at the top of the canes, which are almost bare of foliage, and consequently are often sun-scalded. When the berries from the first bloom are about two-thirds grown, there comes on a second crop of bloom as profuse as the first; in ripening one cannot tell when the berries from the first blooms end and where fruits from the second blooms begin, keeping this rotation of blooming up until late in summer, remaining in bearing 50 to 65 days, and classed by some as an ever-bearing blackberry.

It is enormously productive, one-ninth of an acre yielding 571 quarts. Rev. J. R. Reasoner estimated 5,000 quarts per acre on ordinary land and cultivation. The above picture shows one branch two feet long which contained 503 berries, which created quite a wide amount of interest among the members of the Fruit Growers' Association here at Makanda, Illinois.

The LaGrange is free from any hard core and the berry melts in one's mouth, so delicious. The best, hardest and largest berry yet produced, sixty-five berries filling a quart box full; a single berry measuring four and a half inches in circumference. Prof. S. A. Forbes says it is freer from disease than any blackberry he has ever seen. No one will make a mistake in planting La Grange, either for home use or market.

McDonald Berry—This most valuable new berry was first discovered in Texas. It might be termed a tree dewberry—that is,

it grows into a powerful, upright bush, very rigid and stout, and throws out hundreds of lateral branches, which hang and droop in a most graceful manner. This

berry cannot be equalled for productiveness, as a single plant will yield on an average of 20 quarts of perfect fruit to a plant. Another most wonderful feature is its extreme earliness, as it ripens its fruit a week earlier than the earliest dewberries.

Its bright green foliage is retained throughout the hottest weather, thus protecting its great loads of fruit from the hot sun. The berries are of enormous size, deliciously sweet and highly flavored—in fact, their flavor is wonderful, so melting, rich and sweet. It is a remarkably vigorous grower, and stands heat and cold alike; everywhere throughout the United States wherever it has been tried, it has proved to be a great success and hardy. In color it is a sparkling black, and is exceedingly firm and a good shipper. This is an unrivaled fruit for pies and table use, and as a canning fruit it is superb. Should be in every family fruit garden.

Giant Himalaya Berry—

A horticultural wonder. From the faraway country of the Thibetan Plateau and the Himalaya Mountains, comes a blackberry which is not in every respect a blackberry. For centuries the natives of that country have been making wines and cordials from the fruit, and the introduction to the United States and the improvements recently made on the Himalaya gives us the most wonderful berry of its kind ever before known to mankind. The Himalaya vine looks like a blackberry, still the plant has the nature of a tree or grape vine, in that the wood does not die down every year, as with raspberries, but continues to bear fruit right along year after year, and is as long lived as a peach or pear.

They send out great quantities of fruit laterals that are literally loaded down with fruit, yielding at the rate of 30,000 pounds

when four years old. Season very late, beginning to ripen here middle of July, and continues till October. Almost coreless



La Grange.

and very rich they need very little sugar in cooking. They have a flavor all their own and make surpassingly good pies, jam and jellies. As a tonic and regulator for the sick they are appreciated either fresh or cooked. No comparison can properly be made between this and other blackberries.

Honey Coreless—The Honey Coreless is all its name implies, and exceeds in fine, delicious flavor the most sanguine expectations. The berry is of medium to large size, compact in structure and of jet black color, and absolutely coreless, making it fine for shortcake, and the fruit clusters something like grapes. A very early and entirely hardy blackberry. Early Harvest has been the variety we planted for early fruit. Honey Coreless gives berries double the size and a few days earlier, and the canes absolutely hardy. It ripens its entire crop in a short period; a decided advantage to market growers, as it gives heavy pickings and is out of the way when La Grange and Himalaya come on. As to productiveness—it is simply productiveness itself. It is a splendid berry for family use, for market garden use, and for shipping.



Honey Coreless.

Blowers—This new blackberry was introduced by M. Crawford and we know it must be good or he would not introduce it.



Blowers

He makes the following claims for it besides furnishing a long string of testimonials from good authorities all over the East. Blowers berries are always on top. They are big, luscious, overshadowing all others; never winter kill, always in demand, rich in quality and quantity. Record from 1-4 acre, 2,347 qts., 3,520 lbs., 1 ton 1,520 lbs.; 73 bushels, net price, \$254.04; rate of \$1,056.15 per acre. Height of bushes, 14 feet; berries on one bush, 2,694.

Stone's Hardy—It is a vigorous grower, berries glossy black, and of good flavor. A little later than Snyder; it is very hardy.

BLACKBERRY ROOT CUTTINGS.

Buy some of our blackberry root cuttings and grow your own blackberry plants. We have a large stock of extra fine blackberry root cuttings of the following varieties that we can furnish our customers at a much less price than they would have to pay for the full grown plants and besides save paying express on the plants. Our root cuttings are carefully graded and cut in pieces running in size from an ordinary pipe-stem to that of a large lead pencil. They will be ready to ship by February 1st until April 1st, and will all be nicely caloused over so that there will be at least 95 per cent of them make good strong plants by fall. They are of easy culture and grow very rapidly and do not require but very little room to grow in, and may be taken up either in the fall or spring and planted permanently where you wish to have your field of blackberries.

The only difference between planting the plants and the cuttings is that you have to wait one year longer where you plant the cuttings. There is big money in buying root cuttings and growing the plants to sell to your neighbors.

No order filled for less than 500 foot cuttings; you can have 500 at 1,000 rates of any variety. If by mail add at the rate of 10c per 100 for postage.

Prices as follows. Giant Himalaya, La Grange, Honey Coreless and Mammoth, \$7 per 1,000. Blowers, Ward, Kenoyer, McDonald and Seberg, \$4.50 per 1,000; Eldorado, Mersereau, Snyder and Gardena



Eldorado

Dewberis, \$3.50 per 1,000; Early Harvest and Lucretia Dewberries, \$2.75 per 1,000. Special prices given on application for large orders of root cuttings.

PRICE LIST OF BLACKBERRIES.

Variety—	Each.	Per Doz.	Per 25	Per 100	Per 500	Per 1,000
Giant Himalaya.....	\$0.15	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$5.00	\$22.50	\$40.00
La Grange.....	.15	.75	1.25	4.00	16.00	30.00
McDonald.....	.10	.50	.75	1.50	6.50	12.00
Honey Coreless.....	.15	.75	1.25	4.00	16.00	30.00
Blowers.....	.10	.50	1.00	2.50	10.50	20.00
Eldorado.....	.10	.50	.75	1.50	6.50	12.00
Early Harvest.....	.10	.40	.60	1.00	3.75	7.00
Mersereau.....	.10	.50	.75	1.50	6.50	12.00
Snyder.....	.10	.50	.75	1.25	5.50	10.00
Ward.....	.10	.50	1.00	1.75	8.00	15.00
Iceberg.....	.10	.50	1.00	2.50	10.50	
Kenoyer.....	.10	.50	1.00	1.75	8.00	15.00
Mammoth.....	.15	.75	1.25	4.00	16.00	30.00

If by mail add 10c per dozen; 15c per 25; 30c per 50, and 50c per 100 for postage.

Fruit and Vegetable Farm for Sale

This farm consists of 200 acres of as fine fertile land as there is in the state, located just three-fourths of a mile north of Makanda, Illinois. Public road running through the farm. There are 160 acres in cultivation, part having just been cleared up and is very rich. There are 15 acres in asparagus, 3 acres in rhubarb, some raspberries and strawberries, 100 bearing apple trees, 50 peach trees, 35 acres in red clover, 15 acres in timothy, from which there were baled 50 tons of hay this season from the first cutting. There were 600 bushels of sweet potatoes 600 bushels of corn, 100 bushels of onions, besides other crops that net a little over \$2,200 this season. The asparagus is in full bearing and is in a high state of cultivation and this crop alone will pay for the farm in six years if properly cared for—this crop makes an average of \$1,800 per year clear of all expenses, and we have 15 acres

more now just ready to plant to asparagus, which we consider the greatest money producing crop we have.

Other improvements consist of one large new barn, hay sheds, one living house two tenant houses and packing sheds. For further information write us or come and see. Makanda is located on the main line of the Illinois Central railroad, 49 miles north of Cairo and 316 miles south of Chicago, in the center of the great fruit belt of Southern Illinois. Reason for selling is to settle up an estate, titles all clear, free abstract given with deed. Come quick as the farm will soon go at this great bargain. Price for cash, \$50 per acre. There are also two other tracts belonging to the same estate that we can offer at a great bargain, one contains 80 acres and the other 40 acres. Write for prices and descriptions. Could manage to give terms for part of amounts.

Paeonies

Floral specialists have given this flower great care and attention, until there are now over a thousand named varieties, many of them curiously beautiful in shape and color. It is truly a noble flower rivaling the rose in brilliancy of color and perfection of bloom, while greatly surpassing it in size and stately grandeur. One writer has well said that the "Paeony fully equals the rose except in poetry, perfume, thorns, bugs and disease." They are of the easiest culture, most vigorous habit, and free from disease and insects. The foliage is rich, glossy and ornamental, even when plants are not in bloom. Many of the newer varieties are quite fragrant and no other flower is so well adapted for large and showy bouquets. Plant the paeonies this year, plant lots of them in rows, beds or as specimen plants on the lawn. They make a grand show. May be transplanted in either spring or fall. Set out early in spring as possible. They may be left undisturbed for twenty years or more. In planting set the crowns two inches below the surface. We pay the postage.

Feestive Maxima—By far the finest double white variety grown. Immense size.

All Aglow—Flowers extra large and intensely brilliant pink color; early medium and late.

Grandiflora Bubra—Extra large balls of



Festiva Maxima.

blood red flowers, largest red variety in existence.

Price, 25c each; 5 for \$1.00; dozen, \$2.25.

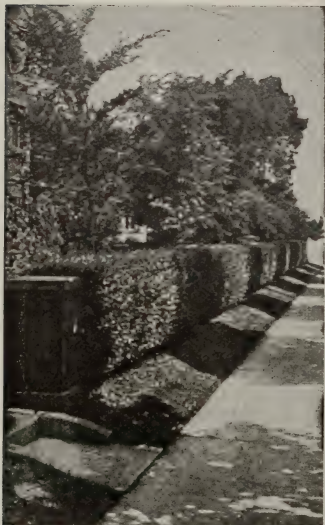
Bradley Brothers, Makanda, Illinois.

Dear Sirs—I received the trees in fine condition and am well pleased with them. Thanking you for your treatment, I remain,

Kilbourn, Illinois, April 13, 1912.

Yours truly, Katherine Dwyer.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET



California Privet Hedge.

A nice California Privet hedge will add \$500 to the value of your property. Easy to grow and a thing of beauty from the day it is planted; will last forever. The nicest fence you can buy. Stays green until January. The cheapest fence you can build and then there is nothing better. For a nice hedge fence plant in single rows six inches apart.

The California Privet is one of the most beautiful plants for hedge in existence. There is no other hedge plant that will equal the California Privet for the purpose, becoming more beautiful each year. A quick, strong growing shrub, yet easy to control by use of shears or knife to any desired shape. Fine for hedges between city lots, on large rural grounds, parks, cemeteries, in single clumps or with other shrubs, also as screens to outbuildings, fences, etc. Very hardy to grow on all soils, even in partial shade; almost evergreen, its rich, leathery-green foliage turns to purple in winter. Each, 10 cents; \$1.00 per dozen by mail, postpaid. By express, \$4.00 per 100; \$30.00 per 1,000.

Edwardsville, Kansas, April 15, 1912.
Bradley Brothers, Makanda, Illinois.

Dear Sirs—Your favor of recent date to hand. The berry plants arrived last Saturday in good condition, am well pleased. Trusting we may continue our acquaintance to a pleasant and profitable end, I beg to remain,

Yours truly, G. P. Grunter.

ROSES

Long before history began the rose was loved, as now, for its beauty and fragrance. No home is truly a home without at least a few of these charming plants. Roses love a clay soil and an open airy situation, but will do well in any good soil. The following list of varieties comprise the cream of our entire stock, but for other varieties not listed below write for prices as space forbids us listing anything like all our varieties.

Prices for 2-year nursery-grown plants, 25c each or \$2.50 per dozen.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

Baroness Rothschild—Bright carmine red, clear color, very large, profuse blooming variety.

J. B. Clark—Robust in growth, with clear, heavy foliage; flowers very large, deep scarlet overlaid with crimson; very fragrant.

American Beauty—One of the best and most valuable roses for the garden. Color rosy crimson, very large, full flowers and fine buds.

Paul Neyron—Deep rose color, good foliage; by far the largest variety in cultivation. One of the best.

Harrison's Yellow—One of the finest hardy yellow roses grown; deep yellow.



Baroness Rothschild.



Frau Karl Druschki.

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.

White Rambler—Identical with Crimson Rambler, in habit of growth, foliage and manner of blooming, differing in color, which is pure, clear white.

Crimson Rambler—This charming climbing rose is unquestionably an acquisition and a novelty of high order. It is of vigorous habit, strong and rapid growth, with handsome, shining foliage, and produces in great abundance clusters of brilliant crimson semi-double flowers.

Yellow Rambler—A new hardy yellow climbing rose, blooming in the same manner as the Crimson Rambler; the flowers are medium size and very sweetly scented. The color is clear decided yellow. Has successfully withstood a temperature of zero to two degrees below. A rampant grower.

Blue Rambler—A real violet rambler rose; flowers are indeed blue, steely blue, and even larger than the crimson sorts, this is indeed a wonderful rose; very hardy.

Thousand Beauties—Blooms profusely from June till late in September. It is the magnificent contrast of colors in the flowers which has given it its name. Blooms borne in large clusters you can get a bouquet in varied colors; no two blooms of the same shade.

Frau Karl Druschki—Pure paper-white, large and free flowering. A very handsome plant, with bright, heavy foliage and strong upright growth. The bloom is of perfect form, on fine, long stems. The finest rose in color, form and general finish.

Anne De Diesbach—Brilliant carmine pink. A superb garden sort; fragrant, one of the hardiest and best; a profuse bloomer.

White Memorial—Finest rose for cemetery planting, dark green leaves, creeping on ground like ivy. Flowers pure white and very hardy.

Mad. Mason—It is entirely hardy, blooming nearly all the time, bearing numbers of large, full, double flowers of unusual beauty and wonderful fragrance; deep red color.

Prince Camille de Rohan—One of the darkest colored roses; very dark velvety crimson; a very prolific bloomer of excellent form and size; very handsome.

General Jacqueminot—Crimson-scarlet; very showy and effective. A magnificent variety.

Magna Charta—Prized on account of its strong, upright growth and bright, healthy foliage, and magnificent bloom. Beautiful bright pink, suffused with carmine. A general favorite.

Other Varieties—Dorothy Perkins, Flower of Fairchild, Lady Gay, Hiawatha, Pillar of Gold, Baby Rambler, Queen of the Prairie, etc.



Thousand Beauties.

Humansville, Mo., Hickory Fruit Farm, Arnold Brothers, Props., April 15, 1912.
Bradley Brothers, Makanda, Illinois.

Gents—I have just received strawberry plants from you in fine condition. Weather is fine and I am feeling good. Please double my order if you can, if not send as many as you can in the same proportions of varieties as before. Enclose find postoffice money order to cover same.

Respectfully yours, W. H. Arnold.

Gooseberries

This fruit is exceedingly useful for cooking, when green or ripe, and can be canned with such facility that it is beginning to be cultivated very extensively for both home use and market. Requires the same cultivation and treatment for worms as the Currant. One year plants at dozen rates by mail if desired. Add 50c per 100 to 100 rates if to go by mail. Two-year plants are too large for mailing. Plant in rows four feet apart and three feet apart in the row.



Carrie.

Carrie—A variety from Minnesota and claimed to possess more valuable points of excellence than any other Gooseberry; because "It is the most productive, the easiest picked, the most attractive, the most saleable, the most profitable, the hardest, the healthiest, the freest from mildew, the earliest bearer"; and further "it is of good size, it is of deep maroon color, it is of highest quality and the most valuable for jams, jellies and canning." Carrie is claimed to be a cross of the Industry and the Houghton, taking the stocky growth and large foliage of the Industry and the vigor, freedom from mildew and increased productiveness of the Houghton. It is a beautiful grower and its yield is simply enormous. The berries are of fair size (about double the size of the Houghton) of a bright maroon color and of excellent quality. In my humble opinion it is much the best Gooseberry, all things considered, to date and is destined to become the Gooseberry of the future. See illustration.

One-year, each 25c; dozen, \$2.50. Two-year, each 35c; dozen, \$3.00.

Josslyn—(Red Jacket)—Berries large, smooth, dull crimson, sweet and luscious. A purely native variety of vigorous growth and entirely free from mildew. Not so prolific as Downing.

One-year, each 12c; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$8.00. Two-year, each 15c; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

Downing—The standard market variety; a sure and heavy yielder. Berries of large size, pale green, good, though not of high quality.

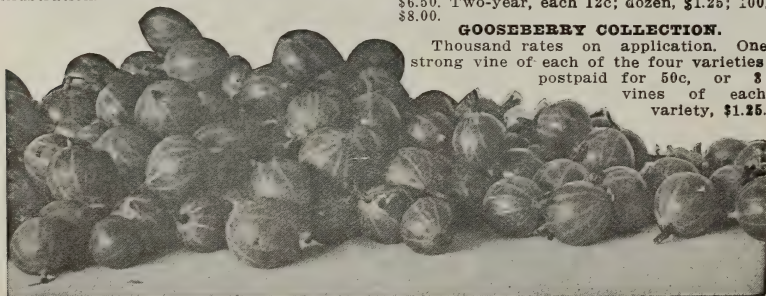
One-year, each 12c; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$8.00. Two-year, each 15c; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

Houghton—Berries red, rather small but sweet and good. Strong grower free from mildew; very prolific.

One-year, each 10c; dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$6.50. Two-year, each 12c; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$8.00.

GOOSEBERRY COLLECTION.

Thousand rates on application. One strong vine of each of the four varieties postpaid for 50c, or 3 vines of each variety, \$1.25.



Currants

The Currant is one of the most valued of the small fruits. They mature just before Raspberries and can be used either raw or cooked. Being very hardy, they do not winter-kill and are easy of cultivation, requiring little care. One of the most valuable and useful of the small plants.

Price of Currants unless otherwise quoted: Each 10c; dozen, \$1.00; 100 and 1,000 rates on application.

Filler—Very large, good red color, very long, compact bunches; fine quality, very easy to pick; hangs on the bushes a long time after ripe; becoming very popular with the growers. A sure money maker. Price, each 25c; dozen, \$2.50.

Perfection—A distinct and very superior variety; producing large, long clusters of large, bright sparkling red berries of mild superior quality in great profusion. Awarded many prizes and medals. The editor of the old reliable American Agriculturist says: "In reality it is all its name indicates. It is simply the most beautiful and perfect Currant thus far introduced." It has proved an unqualified success at Monmouth and I am receiving flattering reports of it from all parts of the country. I do not hesitate to recommend it as the finest and best Currant upon the market. I think so well of it that I have several thousand Perfection upon my fruit farm. Price, each 20c; dozen, \$2.00.

Black Champion—The best black Currant. Large berry and clusters; mild, rich and good flavor. A heavy annual bearer.

Cherry and Versailles—Well known and popular. Large berries, short clusters, bright, sparkling crimson; of sharp acid flavor.

Fay's Prolific—The leading red variety. A regular and prolific bearer. Bunch and berry large, bright and sparkling. Not so acid as the Cherry and Versailles.

North Star—The old Red Dutch Currant greatly improved and one of the finest in quality. Berries bright red, rather small, but the clusters are long and are produced in wonderful profusion. A strong grower. Best variety for jelly, wine, etc.

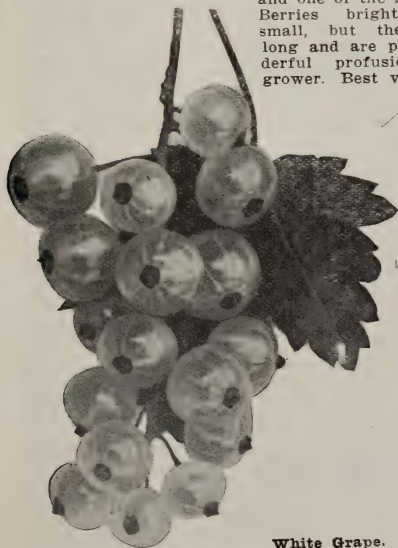
Victoria

—The best late variety. Bunches long, berries of medium size, pale red and of superior quality. Especially valuable to succeed the other varieties and very profitable for market in some sections.

White Grape—The best white Currant. Bunch large, berries large. A beautiful translucent white and of mild superior quality.



Perfection.



White Grape.

CURRENT COLLECTION.

One strong plant of each of the eight varieties postpaid for \$1.00.

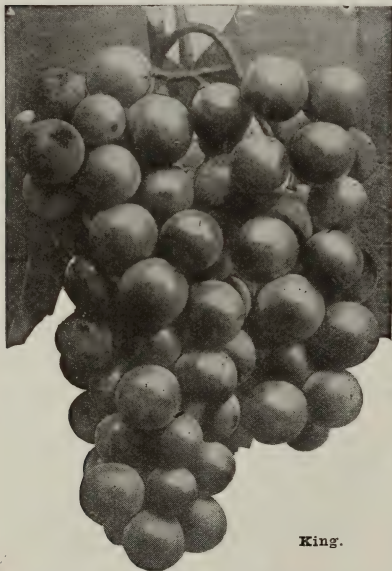
Paradise, Kansas, April 29, 1912.
Bradley Brothers, Makanda, Illinois.

Dear Sirs—Received plants night before last and set them out yesterday. Last night and today good rain; that almost insures life and growth. Was well pleased with everything.

Yours truly, O. W. Culp.

Grapes

The Grape is the most healthful of all fruits, and the most highly esteemed for its many uses. It can be grown by everyone who has a garden, a yard or a wall. It can be confined to a stake, bound to a trellis, trained over an arbor, or extended until it covers a large tree or building, and still it yields its graceful bunches of luscious fruit. Enormous profits have been realized from this fruit. Vines produce 40 to 50 pounds of fruit the fourth year from planting, worth \$4.00 to \$6.00. An acre holds 680 vines. If each vine produced only \$2.00 worth of grapes this would net \$1,360 per acre. Following is a list of the more productive and hardy varieties. Good grapes are grown on various soils, clayey, loamy, etc. Soil must be well drained, and there should be a free exposure to the sun and air. Hill-sides are good places for Grapes. By mail postpaid at single and dozen rates if desired. If by mail add 50c per 100 for one-year-old and 75c per 100 for 2-year-old vines. Thousand rates of any upon application.



King.

Brown's Seedling (New Black)—An early grape of exceptionally good quality. The large, black, sweet berries grow in big, thick clusters. It is a most prolific bearer; ripens evenly and adheres to the stem firmly. It has no equal as an early market variety.

One year, each 20c; dozen, \$1.75; 100, \$12.00.
Two years, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$15.00

✓ **Campbell's Early**—A very superior black grape. In it are united strong hardy vigorous vine, thick, heavy, healthy foliage, early ripening and heavy yield; large, handsome clusters, high quality with splendid shipping and keeping properties. Clusters large and shouldered, moderately compact; berries large, black with purple bloom; flesh tender, juicy, sweet, and rich.

One year, each, 15c; doz., \$1.25; 100, \$8.00.
Two years, each, 20c; doz., \$1.75; 100, \$12.00.

✓ **Brighton**—A large, delicious, sweet red Grape; vine thrifty and a strong grower; flesh sweet, tender and juicy. Best of all red grapes. A free grower and productive. One year, each, 8c; dozen, 60c; 100, \$3.00
Two years, each, 10c; dozen, 75c; 100, \$4.00.

✓ **Concord**—The most popular black variety. Succeeds everywhere. Large clusters and large berry. Ripens in mid-season. One year, each 8c; doz., 50c; 100, \$2.00.
Two years, each, 10c; doz., 60c; 100, \$3.00.

✓ **Diamond (Moore's)**—The most reliable white grape. Bunches large and compact. Berry large, greenish white, juicy and of good quality. A vigorous grower and prolific. Ripens early.

One year, each, 8c; doz., 50c; 100, \$2.50.
Two years, each, 10c; doz., 70c; 100, 3.50.

✓ **Eaton**—The largest black grape. Bunch and berry of great size and very showy; thin skinned and of good quality. A strong grower and prolific. Early.

One year, each 15c; doz., \$1.25; 100, \$7.00
Two years, each, 20c; doz., \$1.75; 100, \$10.00.

✓ **Green Mountain**—The earliest white grape. Bunch small to medium size, often shouldered; berries rather small, greenish white, thin skinned, tender, sweet, juicy and vigorous with delightful, sprightly, and refined flavor. Ripens very early.

One year, each, 20c; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.
Two years, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$15.00

✓ **King**—The finest and best black grape. —an improved Concord.

"It is as hardy and strong a grower as the Concord and is more prolific. The color is the same as the well known Concord, but has a rich bloom, making it a beautiful table grape. The grapes are much larger than the Concord and the clusters more compact. The pulp is more tender, the flavor finer, the seeds fewer and smaller, and it ripens earlier than the Concord. The leaves are thick and tough and wood very hard and short jointed." Awarded a medal at the St. Louis World's Fair.

One year, each, 20c; doz., \$1.75; 100, \$12.00.
Two years, each 25c; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

McPike—Mammoth black grape. Bunch large, berry large, black, tender, rich—superior in quality to almost all other black varieties. Vine of strong growth and prolific.

One year, each, 15c; doz., \$1.25; 100, \$3.00.
Two years, each, 20c; doz., \$1.75; 100, \$12.00.

✓ **Niagara**—The most popular white grape. Cluster large and compact; berry large, amber white with white bloom, thin skinned, tender pulp, sweet and luscious. Ripens in midseason—with Concord. Somewhat subject to mildew.

One year, each, 8c; doz., 75c; 100, \$3.00.
Two years each, 10c; doz., 75c; 100, \$4.00.

Woodruff—The largest and showiest red grape. Bunch extra large; berries large, bright lively red with dainty bloom; skin thick.

One year, each, 10c; doz., 75c; 100, \$4.00.
Two years, each, 12c; doz., \$1.00; 100, \$6.00

✓ **Worden**—A black grape that resembles Concord closely but with more tender pulp, higher quality and ripens a week to ten days earlier. It is also a little larger in both bunch and berry than the Concord.

One year, each, 8c; doz., 60c; 100, \$3.00.
Two years, each, 10c; doz., 60c; 100, \$4.00.

OUR DIAMOND GRAPE COLLECTION.

One strong vine of each of the 12 varieties postpaid for \$1.20 for one-year-old vines; if 2-year-old vines are wanted, send \$1.50. This is the greatest Grape collection ever offered for the money.

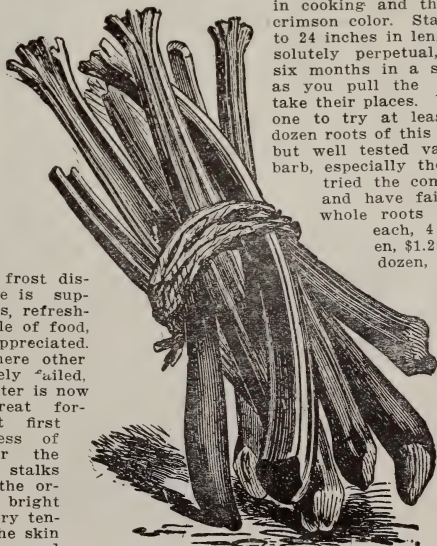
Rhubarb or Pie Plant

Rhubarb is a great money maker. Here in Southern Illinois there are hundreds of acres planted in Rhubarb, and great fortunes are made by the growers shipping the stalks to the northern markets and selling to the grocery stores in nearby towns. Rhubarb is a great yielder, often producing 8,000 pounds per acre and is capable of doubling that amount on good land, highly manured and well cultivated. Rhubarb always sells well, bringing as high as 8 to 10 cents per pound, and very rarely less than three to five cents per pound. Rhubarb is easy to grow; plant on good land in rows four feet apart each way, a little below the surface. Manure heavily for the best results, with any kind of coarse barn manure. Cultivate well and your success is certain. Do not pull the stalks the first year until late in the fall; you can get several good pullings the second year and the third year it is in full bearing. Should be in every family garden and especially in every market garden, as it brings you very early money when most needed. One planting will last for years.

Burbank's Giant Crimson Winter Rhubarb

—This new prodigy is revolutionizing the rhubarb industry all over the country, succeeding wonderfully in hot, dry countries where all other varieties have entirely failed, and bringing fabulous prices in the early markets, besides supplying your own tables at a time when there is nothing else to be had; scarcely has the frost disappeared till your table is supplied with this delicious, refreshing and healthful article of food, which is so much appreciated. In Southern States, where other varieties have completely failed, the Giant Crimson Winter is now flourishing and now great fortunes await those that first engage in the business of growing the plant for the Northern markets. The stalks are twice the size of the ordinary kind, and of a bright crimson color, stalks very tender and crisp, so that the skin does not have to be removed

in cooking and the sauce has a crimson color. Stalks average 18 to 24 inches in length, and is absolutely perpetual, will produce six months in a season; as fast as you pull the stalks others take their places. We want every one to try at least one-half a dozen roots of this wonderful new but well tested variety of Rhubarb, especially those that have tried the common varieties and have failed. Price of whole roots by mail, 15c each, 4 for 50c. Dozen, \$1.25. By express dozen, \$1.00; 100 for \$4.00; 500 for \$15.00; 1000 for \$25.



Victoria—

Very early, follow wing directly after Giant Crimson Winter; stalks pink, very large and fine quality; not nearly so sour as

some of the older sorts; fine for canning or cooking in any way; good for pies and very healthful. Price of roots: 10c each; dozen, 75c, by mail postpaid. 100 for \$2.00; 1,000 for 15.00, by express.

Myatt's Lineans—Very large and productive, good market variety, stalks of a pinkish green color, wide and very thick and meaty; tender and cooks well. Price 10c each; 75c per dozen by mail postpaid. 100

for \$1.50; 1,000 for \$12.00 by express.

Queen, or Wineplant—Very large and juicy, fine for making delicious wines that are easily made and is very delicious and refreshing, almost excell that of Grape or Blackberry; try a few gallons and you will be surprised at such a delightful drink you get from this variety. Price 10c each; 75c per dozen by mail postpaid. 100 for \$2.00; 1,000 for \$15.00 by express.

Asparagus Roots

An Asparagus bed once started will last for forty to fifty years and give profitable cuttings. Asparagus is easy of culture; plant on good land, either light loam, clay, sandy loam or most any kind of land, just so it is well drained. Plant in furrows plowed out to 6 to 8 inches deep and 12 to 15 inches apart in the rows, and the rows 4 feet apart. Keep clean by thorough cultivation and late in the fall give a light coat of manure, and repeat the same operation the second year and you can get a fair crop the third season. We usually cut from 10 to 12 weeks and then allow the field to grow up till late in the fall and then the mower is run over the lot.

Asparagus is a good crop to have in the family garden, the tender stalks are delicious and appetizing and are relished by nearly every one; coming very early



Asparagus, like Rhubarb, is a very profitable crop for the market gardner. It is very largely grown in Southern Illinois for commercial purposes, some growers having from 5 to 30 acres and find it the most profitable crop they have, selling in early spring as high as 25c per bunch, 20 bunches per one-third box, or \$15.00 per bushel, running down later in the season to \$3.00 and \$4.50 per bushel, with a demand greater than the supply. Mr. Masten Rendleman of this place, has one acre that has made him \$3,200 in twenty years, and it is still a good paying patch. The acre is only an average acr of his farm. Mr. W. D. Rich has twenty acres that have averaged him over \$3,000 a year for the past 22 years. Mr. Jim Hilton cut and got paying crops from a field planted fifty years ago. This shows what the average growers are doing; the possibilities are even much greater than herein shown.

Bonvaleets—This is a fine new variety, particularly delicious in quality and has recently become very popular among the largest and most up-to-date Asparagus growers throughout the country. The stalks are extra large, purplish color, tender and very productive, compared with the Palmetto and Argenteuil, the stalks average larger, grow faster, but the heads stay compact longer than either of the other varieties, entirely free from blight, nearly every stalk runs about the same as to size, which average very large. We have a very large supply of very fine roots that we can offer at the following very low prices:

Price 1 year old, 60c for 100; \$3.25 for 1,000. Two year old roots, 75c for 100; \$4.00 for 1,000.

Early French Giant Argenteuil—This new sort is a great improvement on the popular Palmetto asparagus. We consider Argenteuil twice the size of Palmetto, earlier, more productive and longer lived, color of stalks purple, tender, crisp and fine flavor. Is considered by many as being the most promising Asparagus for profit, and as a mortgage lifter and a money maker this variety comes next to Bonvaleets.

Price one year old roots, 60c for 100; \$2.75 for 1,000. Two year old roots, 75c for 100; \$3.50 for 1,000.

Palmetto—This is a large growing variety, particularly delicious in quality; is very early, great yielder, and free from blight and rust, and is exceedingly popular, sells well in all markets. The stalks are purplish in color, very tender and delicious, succeeds well in Southern States; this is a reliable variety. Price, one year old roots, 60c for 100; \$2.50 for 1,000. Two year old roots, 75c for 100; \$3.50 for 1,000.

Columbian Mammoth White—Of very large size and great yield, the stalks possess a tenderness and delicacy of flavor very desirable for the table. Most remarkable of all is its purity of color, remaining clear white for some time without artificial bleaching. Price one year old roots 60c for 100; \$2.50 for 1,000. Two year old roots, 75c for 100; 3.25 for 1,000.

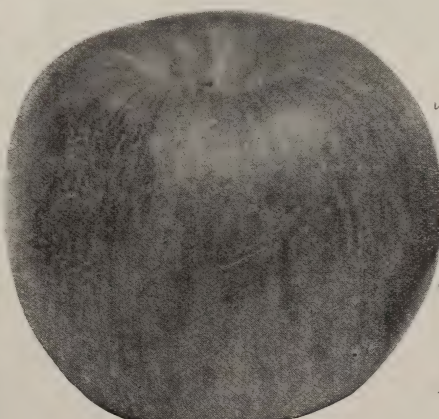
Conover's Colossal—An old standard variety that is being outrivalled with better, larger and more productive varieties; stalks tender, delicious and plenty medium sized stalks that come in the very early spring. Price one year old roots, 60c for 100; \$2.50 for 1,000. Two year old roots, 75c for 100 \$3.00 for 1,000.

Apples

This is rightly called the "King of all Fruits." Its season extends nearly the whole year. The trees should be planted on elevated ground rather than in a hollow or low ground and they require fertile soil, such as is needed for corn and wheat. There is no farm crop which, on the average, will produce one-fourth as much income per acre as will an orchard. Following is a list of the best varieties of Apples, together with a short description of each.

Summer and Autumn Apples

Liveland Raspberry—Absolutely the most valuable early apple; succeeds everywhere. Splendid beauty, clear waxen white, striped and marbled crimson, combined with earliness, large size, fine quality makes it the most popular summer variety. Tree extremely hardy, healthy, vigorous, long lived and blooms late. Bears very young, prolific and earlier, better tree and blight proof and in every way excels Transparent. Price, 2-year, 5 to 7-foot tree, 50c; 6 for \$2.50; dozen, \$4.00. One-year tree by mail same price.



Liveland Raspberry.

Yellow Transparent—Very early, light yellow, tender and delicious; much liked.

Wilson Red June—Better than any other Red June; large, deep red and the best apple of its season. Tree exceedingly early bearer and very vigorous and hardy.

Early Harvest—Large, golden yellow; very popular with many growers.

Benoni—Medium size, bright red; rich flavor, tender and juicy. Very productive.

Tetofski—Good sized, nearly round; yellow, beautifully striped with red. Fine.

Duchess of Oldenburg—A large, beautiful, hardy apple; roundish, streaked red and yellow; tender, juicy, pleasant; early, vigorous and abundant bearer.

Winter Apples

Winter Banara—Very handsome, golden yellow, bluish cheek; of splendid quality; smells and tastes like a banana. Long keeper, large and smooth. Tree very hardy, thrifty, an early and prolific bearer.

Wealthy—Large, red, tender, crisy, very juicy and fine quality; hardy, productive and very popular in the Northern States.

Wisner's Desert—Large, brilliant colored; juicy, melting, buttery and free from fiber. Especially fine for dessert. Tree very hardy, vigorous, an early and abundant bearer.

Opalescent—Very handsome, brilliant red, becoming deep purplish red; takes a high polish reflecting objects like a mirror, very attractive.

Jonathan (New Spitzenberg)—Medium size; roundish; yellow, nearly covered with red; flesh white, fine grained, juicy, tender and mild; a delicious and strictly dessert apple that always demands highest market prices. Seedling of Spitzenberg. Is a much better tree; vigorous and productive. November to April.

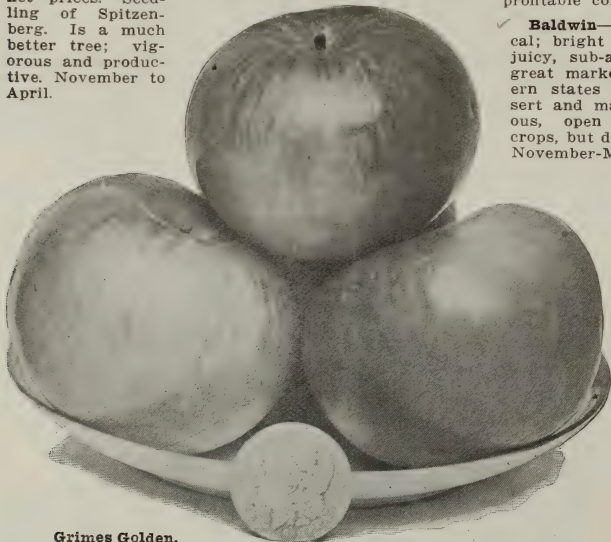
Delicious—Originated several years ago in Madison county, Iowa, no new variety has ever so quickly gained popularity in so many different apple sections of our country. Delicious flourishes in the cold bleak country of the Northwest: Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Idaho; and does equally as well in the Northern and Northeastern States: Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut; in the extreme Southern States it is doing equally as well, and seems to adapt itself to every state in the union. Bears annually, great yielder; hangs well on trees. Trees very thrifty, long lived and extremely hardy. Fruit very large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red; flesh fine grained crisp, juicy, melting and delicious. Splendid keeper and shipper; should be in every orchard. We have a very fine block of Delicious trees that were propagated from the very best strain of bearing trees that could be found. Do not fail to include Delicious and Liveland Raspberry apples in your order. Price, 5 to 7 foot trees, 50c; 4 to 5 feet, 40c; 3 to 4 feet, 30c. Special prices by the 100. See picture on cover page.

King David—One of the most beautiful of all apples. Tree healthy, hardy, vigorous, a young and heavy bearer. Fruit larger than Jonathan, deep rich red; flesh firm and fine rich quality. Are eaten by people of delicate stomachs; the more you eat the more you want. A very profitable commercial apple.

✓ **Baldwin**—Medium size; conical; bright red; flesh crisp, juicy, sub-acid; rich flavor; great market variety of eastern states for cooking, dessert and market. Tree vigorous, open head. Abundant crops, but does not bear young. November-March.

Grimes Golden—Medium size; regular; rich, golden yellow; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, aromatic, rich, quality very best. Top-notch in market. Tree hardy and productive; bears early; blossoms late in spring, frost seldom catches them. One of the best sorts.

✓ **Crab Apples**—Whitney, Hyslop, Large Red Siberian, Transcendent.



Grimes Golden.

PRICES OF APPLE AND CRAB TREES.

	Each	Dozen	Per 50	Per 100
Large size, 5 to 7 feet.....	\$.35	\$3.50	\$14.00	\$28.00
Medium size, 5 to 6 feet.....	.30	3.00	12.00	24.00
Smallest size, 4 to 5 feet.....	.25	2.50	7.50	15.00
One-year-old, 3 to 4 feet.....	.25	2.50	7.50	15.00
One-year, by mail postpaid.....	.35	3.50		

Peaches

Much has been learned about peach culture within the past few years. Peaches will succeed on either sandy or clayey loam, if properly cultivated. Peaches will not thrive in uncultivated soil. The soil should not be made too rich, as the peach is a rapid growing tree. It has been recently discovered that there are varieties of peach that are very hardy in bud which scarcely ever fail to bear profitable crops, where other varieties around them are destroyed by the severity of winter. We have aimed to confine our list to the cream, naming only those varieties which we have deemed best, all things considered.



PRICE OF PEACH TREES.

	Each	Dozen	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
First-class, 4 to 6 feet.....	\$0.25	\$2.50	\$4.50	\$8.00	\$15.00
Medium size, 3 to 4 feet.....	.20	2.00	3.50	6.50	12.00
Smaller size, 2 to 3 feet.....	.15	1.50	2.75	5.00	9.00

Mailing size—Will send the smaller size postpaid for 20c each; 6 for \$1.00, or dozen for \$1.90 to any postoffice in the United States. Guarantee safe arrival, in good condition.

Red Bird Cling—Earliness, bright glowing red, fine quality, large size make it very valuable. Tree hardy, healthy and an early and abundant bearer; best real early Peach.

Mayflower—(S. C.)—Gloriously beautiful red all over; tops all home markets. Tree hardy, healthy, prolific and thrifty. Very popular among orchardists.

Alton—(F.)—Large, hite with bright red cheek; flesh white, firm, juicy, melting, with rich, satisfying flavor. Quality very best. Very hardy, bears heavily where all others fail.

Eureka—(F.)—Very large, incomparably more beautiful, better quality, more delicious, better tree and surpassing all others of its season. Medium early.

Illinois—High quality, very bright red, exceedingly rich, juicy, luscious and re-

markably free from rot. In productiveness, hardiness and healthfulness has no equal.

✓ **Elberta**—(F.)—The best known and the most popular of all peaches and a standard among orchardists. Very large, yellow, tender but not of good quality. Vigorous and hardy grower.

✓ **Belle of Georgia**—(F.)—A red and white Elberta, hardier more dependable; bearing great crops when Elberta is a failure. Very large, showy and good quality. A great money maker.

Krummel October—(F.)—Very large, high colored, delicious flavor, sweet, juicy and melting. The greatest money maker on the market, crowding out other varieties in nearly all peach-growing states. Almost round, deep yellow, very firm, free from bitterness and very hardy. Should be in every peach collection. Price 50c, 40c and 30c.

CHAMPION COLLECTION.

One tree of each of eight varieties postpaid for \$1.00, 2 to 3 feet size. One tree of each variety by express not prepaid for \$1.50, 4 to 6 feet size. In these collections you will have the cream of the markets, season from the very earliest to the latest.

Pear Trees

The cultivation of this fruit is rapidly extending as its value is appreciated and the demand is increasing every year, making pears one of the most profitable to plant. The range of varieties is such that, like apples, they can be had in good eating condition from August until early spring. The melting, juicy texture, the refined flavor and the delicate aroma of the Pear gives it rank above all other fruits, excepting the Grape.

PRICES OF STANDARD PEAR TREES.

	Each	Dozen	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
First-class, 5 to 7 feet.....\$	.30	\$3.50	\$7.00	\$13.00	\$25.00
Medium Size, 4 to 5 feet.....	.25	2.75	5.50	10.00	20.00
Smaller Size, 3 to 4 feet.....	.20	2.25	4.00	7.50	15.00

Winter Nellis—The most delicious, greenish yellow, slightly russeted. Tree hardy and thrifty.

Garber—Somewhat coarse, but fair quality. Remarkably free from blight; wonderful bearer, earlier than Keifer. Tree very thrifty, hardy and an early bearer.

Keifer—A great yielder, noted for productiveness, large size and beauty; quality fair; excellent for canning. Tree very thrifty, early and abundant bearer. Season late.

Winter Nellis—The most delicious; greenish yellow, slightly russeted. Tree hardy and thrifty.

Clapp's Favorite (Fay)—Large; pale lemon yellow with red cheek; flesh of fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a rich vinous flavor; good for market and kitchen. Tree hardy and very productive; does well in all sections. Standard or dwarf.

Wilder — Medium small; yellow, with dark red cheek; flesh melting, sweet and good for dessert; popular on market. Tree very attractive, of vigorous and symmetrical growth. Standard or dwarf. Early.

Clairgeau—(Beurre Clairgeau)—Large; yellow, with russet and brown, sometimes shaded with crimson; flesh yellow, juicy, aromatic and somewhat granular; recommended for cooking and as an attractive market sort. Tree a very good grower and bears early. Standard or dwarf. October-November.

Theodore Williams—A seedling of Keifer. Outclasses it in handsomeness, productiveness and quality. Very sweet, juicy, finely flavored. Tree extremely hardy, has stood 40 degrees below zero without any injury.

Wilder, Early—Beautiful; excellent quality; sweet, fine, melting, very pleasant; brownish red cheek. Tree hardy, young and abundant bearer.

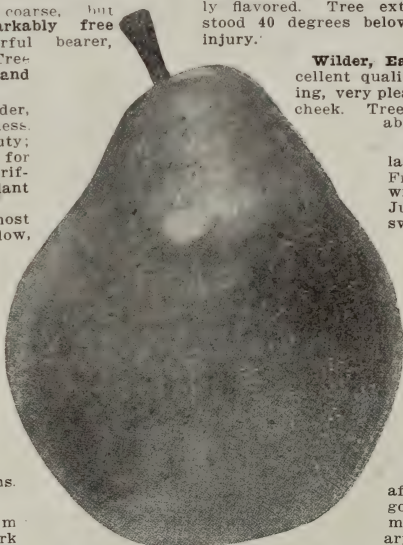
Koonce—One of the largest early pears. Fruit golden yellow with a bright blush. Juicy, tender and sweet. Tree very hardy, blight proof and a good yielder.

Bartlett—A great favorite, rich, golden yellow, often with a soft blush on the sunny side. Fruit very large, thin skinned, buttery, melting, rich, musky flavor. Young and abundant bearer.

Rossney—Ripens after Bartlett when good pears are in demand. Delicious, sugary, juicy, melting. Tree hardy and an annual and abundant yielder.

Vermont Beauty—Medium; pale yellow, slight blush; delicious in quality; flesh very white, rich, juicy and melting. Tree very hardy and thrifty. A great favorite in the northwest.

Lincoln—(Illinois)—Larger than Bartlett; clear, beautiful yellow, bright cheek and very handsome; quality better than Bartlett; tree remarkably free from blight. Dependable.



Theodore Williams.

SPECIAL COLLECTION.

One tree out of each of the 14 varieties by express not prepaid for \$2.75, 4 to 5 foot stock

Cherries

The Cherry tree combines the useful and ornamental in perhaps a larger degree than any fruit that grows. There is no finer shade tree than a handsome Cherry. Even on a rocky, rough spot unsuitable for anything else, Cherries grow well.

PRICE OF CHERRY TREES.

	Each.	Dozen.	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
First-Class, 5 to 6 feet.....	\$.30	\$3.00	\$6.50	\$12.50	\$25.00
Medium Size, 4 to 5 feet.....	.25	2.50	5.50	10.00	20.00
Smaller Size, 3 to 4 feet.....	.20	2.00	4.00	7.50	15.00

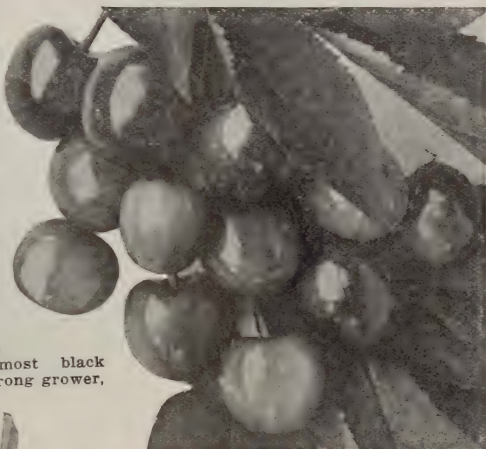
Dyehouse—Earliest variety grown; large, fine quality, very small pit, hardy and good keeper. Young and prolific bearer often bear at two years old.

Early Richmond—Ripens ten days after Dyehouse; clear, bright red and acid; tree hardy.

Montmorency, Large—Very large, hardy, productive, fine quality and noted for its hardiness and beauty of tree and never failing crops.

Windsor—Originated in Canada. Hardest variety known; large, dull red, sweet and very popular.

Lambert—Largest of all the sweets; dark purplish red, almost black when ripe, flesh solid; tree a strong grower, very prolific. Its season being very late makes it desirable.



Early Richmond.

Royal Duke—Of California origin; large, light red, juicy, tender. Brings highest prices in market; it is a favorite commercial cherry; becoming very popular.

Bing—Originated in Oregon; one of the most delicious sweet cherries; very large, almost black when ripe; fine quality, very productive, hardy and good shipper.

Royal Ann—A great favorite in the west, where it is planted by the hundreds of acres. Pale yellow with bright red cheek. One of the best of the sweets. Prolific bearer.

German Ostheimer—Almost black, very large, heart-shaped; very hardy; moderate grower; juicy, almost sweet; a great cherry for the west. Bears early and very productive.

Hoy—Very large, light color, unequalled for high quality and richness of flavor; rapid grower, hardy, fruit hangs in clusters almost hiding the leaves; young and prolific bearer.



Bing.

SPECIAL COLLECTION.

One of each of the 10 varieties by express not prepaid for \$2.00, 4 to 5 feet.

Plums

The Plum does well over a very wide range of territory, and generally is productive under nearly all conditions. Probably no other tree will fruit more abundantly, unless it is the Cherry, and like the Cherry it will yield crop after crop in spite of neglect, yet it is responsive to good care and modern methods.

	Each	Dozen	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
First Class, 5 to 6 feet.....\$	.30	\$3.00	\$6.50	12.50	\$25.00
Medium Size, 4 to 5 feet.....	.25	2.50	5.50	10.00	20.00
Smaller Size, 3 to 4 feet.....	.20	2.00	4.00	7.50	15.00



Burbank Plums

America—One of Mr. Burbank's creations; large, glossy, coral red; almost proof against rot and insect attack. Very beautiful in appearance. Tree thrifty, productive and hardy.

Abundance—One of the most popular; favorite everywhere and should be in every collection. Color bright cherry red. Flesh juicy, tender and delicious. Tree immensely productive.

Burbank—Flesh yellow, firm, tender, very juicy, rich, sweet and aromatic. Productive.

Bradshaw—Very large purple, juicy, excellent quality. Tree vigorous, very productive.

Earliest of All—Very profitable because of extreme earliness. Solid red, good cooker; hardy; a sure and heavy bearer; one of the few Japs proving hardy in Canada.

Damson Shropshire—Medium size, dark purple, juicy, rich but rather tart; excellent for preserves.

SPECIAL COLLECTION.

One tree of each 6 varieties by express not prepaid for \$1.25, 4 to 5 feet.

Quinces

Price of Quince. 3 to 4 feet, 30c each; \$3.00 dozen.

Bourgeat—Very large, handsome fruit; long keeper. Tree enormously productive. tender like an apple. Tree young and prolific bearer.

Champion—Large and handsome; cooks

Orange—Large, bright golden yellow; cooks very tender and has great flavor.

ORDER SHEET

Please Use This Sheet When Ordering Plants, Trees, Etc.

How to Order—We employ no agents; this Catalogue is our salesman. Fill out this order sheet with the items you want to buy, enclosing Bank Draft Postoffice or Express Money Order or by Registered Letter, and mail all to us in the enclosed envelope. By this method you save half the money you would by buying from agents.

BRADLEY BROTHERS, Makanda, Ill.

Date	191	Money Order, \$
Name		Draft
Postoffice		Cash
Express Office		Total
County		Freight Station
State		Railroad

[illegible]

See other side.

Our Great Bargain Collections

Below we offer some great bargains in the way of collections consisting of the very best varieties of plants and trees that we have in our Nurseries, all are great money makers and desirable for the Family Fruit Garden. Order by Number; not necessary to mention the varieties. LOOK UP DESCRIPTIONS OF THESE FRUIT PLANTS ELSEWHERE IN THIS CATALOGUE.

NO. 1. DIAMOND COLLECTION.

8,000 Strawberry Plants

Eight of the great money making varieties. One thousand of each: Missionary, extra early; Bradley, medium early; Chesapeake, very late; Silver Coin, medium; Early Ozark, early; Helen Davis, medium; Gibson, late; Monroe, extra large.....

\$28

By Express Not Prepaid.

NO. 2. COLLECTION.

4,000 Strawberry Plants

Five hundred of each of the 8 varieties offered in Collection No. 1 for \$15.00. Enough for one-half acre.....

\$15

By Express Not Prepaid.

NO. 3. COLLECTION.

2,500 Raspberry Plants

Six varieties, 500 of each: Gibraltar, black; Plum Farmer, black; Cumberland, black; Herbert, red; Eaton, red; Great Money-makers.....

\$30

Enough for One Acre.

NO. 4. DON'T MISS THIS ONE.

800 Strawberry Plants

One hundred of each of above varieties offered in Collection No. 1, enough for one-tenth of an acre, for.....

\$4

By Express Not Prepaid.

NO. 5. BY MAIL.

Twelve Varieties

The same 12 varieties as are in Collection No. 7. One dozen of each of the 12 varieties for \$1.50. Safe arrival guaranteed.....

\$1.50

By Mail Postpaid.

NO. 6. COLLECTION.

60 New Blackberry Plants

Blackberries for the family garden. One dozen of each variety: Himalaya, LaGrange, Honey Coreless, Mammoth, Gardena Dewberries. By mail postpaid for only.....

\$3

By Mail Postpaid.

NO. 7. COLLECTION.

600 New Strawberry Plants

Twelve new varieties for your test beds; fifty of each: Early Ozark, Pineapple, Manhattan, Monroe, Patagonia, Prolific, Magoon, Ohio Boy, Gov. Fort, King Edward, Oswego, Hundred Dollar. The above 12 varieties are prize winners, none better.....

\$4

By Express Not Prepaid.

NO. 8. DON'T MISS IT.

2,500 Blackberries

Blackberries for one acre. Great money makers. Varieties: 500 Blowers, 500 McDonald, 100 Ward, 500 Kenoyer, 100 Honey Coreless, 100 Giant Himalaya, 500 Eldorado, 100 LaGrange, 100 Mammoth. \$500 worth of fruit per year can be produced from this acre.....

\$38

Great Money Makers.

NO. 9. COLLECTION.

Family Garden Raspberries

One Hundred each of the 5 varieties named in Collection No. 3. This will give an abundance of fruit.....

\$7.50

At a Bargain Price.

NO. 10. COLLECTION.

Raspberries

Five dozen of five varieties, containing all the varieties in No. 3. Small family. This collection at a great bargain for only.....

\$1.50

By Mail Postpaid.

NO. 11. THIS FOR YOU.

Everbearing Strawberries

Four varieties: 25 Francis, 25 Americus, 25 Productive, 25 Superb. Will give you delicious fruit all fall.....

\$5

100 Plants by Mail Postpaid.

NO. 12. COLLECTION.

Everbearing Raspberries

Three varieties, 12 of each variety: Idaho, red; St. Regis, red; King of the Cliffs. Will send the three dozen by mail postpaid for.....

\$3

36 Good Raspberries.

NO. A. BANNER COLLECTION.

Guaranteed Fruit Collection

Here is your chance to make a start in fruit growing, 105 fruit plants and vines. This is by far the greatest Fruit Collection ever offered and we GUARANTEE all plants to be first-class. Twelve Americus, everbearing strawberry; 6 Honey Coreless, blackberries; 6 King of the Cliffs, raspberries; 6 Royal Purple, raspberries; 12 Patagonia, strawberries; 12 Manhattan, strawberries; 12 Pineapple, strawberries; 6 Giant Himalaya; 6 Gardena, dewberries; 3 Phenomenal Berries; 6 St. Regis, raspberries; 6 Idaho, raspberries; 6 Gibraltar, raspberries; 2 Brown Seedling, grape; 2 Perfection, currants; 2 Carrie, gooseberries....

\$6

By Express Not Prepaid.



"THE IDAHO RASPBERRY."



"DELICIOUS APPLE."